The Times-Democrat.

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TONE DEMOCRATS

Time Between Gold and Silver Advocates.

, BRYAN AND SEWALL.

Jones Presents the Protests of Gold Democrats but He Is Bowled Down—Harrity Not Deposed.

SBURG, Sept 11.—The Demo-
ate convention reconvened for
ose of filling vacancies on the
ticket created by the with-
after the Chicago convention,
one-third of the electors select-
he Allentown convention on

pulists agreed to support Bryan
were given four of the 32 names
ectoral ticket This was vig-
pposed by the members of the
ee from Philadelphia and other
ounties on the ground that it
e unwise to nominate anything
aight out Democratic ticket.
the convention reconvention
porary organization was made
nt. W. B. Given and George
ms of Lancaster were unseat-
se their sympathies were not
Chicago platform and ticket
en were seated in their places
nan Ritter of the resolutions
ee read the platform and when
ne of Bryan was mentioned a
enthusiasm followed such as
been seen in Pennsylvania
the conventions in recent years
latform indorsed Bryan and
and pledged them a "cordial,
and vigorous support" It also
the Chicago platform "as the
on of opinion of the majority
uly accredited representatives
emocracy of the United States
issues involved in the present
canvass" and continued "We
indorse the same and particu
t plank in favor of the free and
d coinage of silver at the ratio
and that this convention confi-
ppeal to the people of Pennsyl-
r the support and vindication of
nciples at the ensuing election
the vote was taken on the
of the platform Delegate
t North Hampton presented a
signed by a committee of gold
ts, headed by State Chairman
Mr James had scarcely start-
s introductory speech before the
s manifested their impatience
s and cries of "Sit down"
y when the speaker got a hear-
alled attention to the fact that
onths ago at Allentown the
ate in convention adopted reso-
declaring for the gold standard.
the same delegates proposed to
about and indorse a free silver
e on a free silver platform He
arther
groans and a most unruly un-
wned out his voice Mr James
ed to speak, but not a word he
could be heard For about five
the uproar lasted Mr James
read the protest but filed it with
etary
as J Emmens of Northampton
to Mr James, designating him
James of Easton Trust com-
He said he did not represent
timents of the Northampton
Democrats, who last week de-
r Bryan and free silver
Emmons said the resolutions
at Allentown were ent and
d prepared by bank presidents
shed through by Chairman
and Mr Harrity
atform was adopted
now en of Allentown then of-
resolution to depose William F
as national committeeman and
e Chairman Jones to fill the
Mr Donnelly of Philadel-
ved to lay the resolution on the
he motion prevailed amid great
ent—171 to 167 A motion to
Populists four electors and fuse
em was carried
Dewitt and Jerome T. Hilman
amed by acclamation for con
large
candidates in the elector ticket
ed as follows At large, Thomas
and Louis M Ireland (Pops)
omas G Delehanty (Dem)
vention at 6 p m adjourned

WANTS A REDUCTION.

Rockefeller Thinks His Summer dence Unreasonably Assessed.

YORK, Sept 11.—John D Rocke-
as decided to bring proceedings
el the board of assessors of
wn to lower the assessment on
mer residence there
property has been assessed at
00, which Mr. Rockefeller claims
mes its real value and 400 per
ore than last year's assessment

Nevada Republicans.

N CITY, Nev, Sept. 11—The
can state convention met here
Summerfield was chosen per-
chairman and E. D Vanderlith
y The platform asks for the
nage of the American product of
r free coinage by international
ent; demands protection for
n industries, denounces free
demands equal suffrage and the
at of labor strikes by arbitra-
Presidential electors and state
were selected

The Crisis Passed.

INGTON, Sept 11—Comptroller
received a telegram from the
xaminer at New Orleans stating
clearing house had begun the
certificates and that the danger
her trouble had passed Bank
er Tucker, with headquarters at
ati, has been placed in charge
Mutual National bank

CYCLONE IN PARIS.

Numerous Casualties Are Reported—Persons Blown Into River.

PARIS, Sept. 11.—Paris is much stirred up and excited over the cyclone, which develops into a disaster of considerable proportions. The number of minor casualties and injuries to persons is large and further reports are constantly being received

Over 50 injured have thus far been reported to one fire station alone and five dead were brought in Several men and women had their skulls fractured by the falling of some gates behind which they had sought shelter from the storm A cab driver, who had taken refuge in his cab, and his horses, were killed together and the cab demolished

Nine members of the staff of La France, who were leaving the tribunal de commerce when the storm suddenly broke, were all seriously injured, one having his skull fractured

At least a dozen persons were carried bodily from the Seine bridge and from the quays and were rescued with great difficulty

The breaking of the storm was accompanied by many demonstrations of fright by individuals and by crowds the panic of one spreading to the others

COLORADO REPUBLICANS.

They Pledge Their Support to Bryan and Sewall.

DENVER, Sept. 11.—The Republican state convention made the following nominations Presidential electors, E T Wells, A T Gunnel, T M Patterson, G W, Thatcher; governor, Jared L. Brush of Weld county

A resolution was adopted requiring all the nominees to place their resignations in the hands of the committee on fusion which is conferring with like committees of the Democratic, Populist and silver parties.

The resolutions declare for bimetallism and protection as set forth in our national platforms previous to 1890, and as adhered to by Abraham Lincoln and the founders of the Republican party

The party is pledged to the support of Bryan and Sewall and the St Louis bolters are indorsed

Senator Teller and Congressmen Shafroth and Bell are commended for their work in congress and indorsed for reelection

COURT TAKES A HAND.

Judge Spear Orders the Rates on Railroads Restored.

ATLANTA, Sept 11—United States Judge Emory Spear of the Southern district of Georgia has granted a mandatory injunction against the Seaboard Airline, the Southern and all other roads in the Southern States Freight association, commanding them to restore the rates that were in existence on Sept 5 He orders the old standard tariffs restored in the Fifth judicial circuit

It will take 10 days to restore the rates, as under the interstate commerce law it takes 10 days to raise or restore a rate What the roads will do in the next 10 days is unknown.

Before the rate is actually restored they may move a modification of the order or ask that the injunction be dissolved

Close at Latonia.

CINCINNATI, Sept 11—The Queen City Jockey club closed its successful fall meeting with large attendance. The track was fast and the betting lively Indio broke the track record for five furlongs in the last race by running the distance in 1 00¾ Mike Dwyer high class mare Lady Inez has developed into such a breeder that she is practically unfit to race

THE DIAMOND.

The Great National Game as Played Yesterday—The Standing.

CLUB	W	L	P.C	CLUB	W	L	P.C
Baltimore	84	34	.711	New York	5[illegible]	61	.461
Cleveland	7[illegible]	4[illegible]	[illegible]	Philadelphia	59	62	.4[illegible]
Cincinnati	7[illegible]	40	[illegible]	Brooklyn	55	6[illegible]	.46[illegible]
Chicago	6[illegible]	5[illegible]	[illegible]	Washington	46	6[illegible]	.4[illegible]
Boston	6[illegible]	[illegible]	.5[illegible]	St Louis	3[illegible]	84	.2[illegible]
Pittsburg	62	55	[illegible]	Louisville	30	8[illegible]	.2[illegible]

AT PITTSBURG— R H E
Pittsburg 0 0 0 [illegible] 0 0 0 0 1—0 [illegible]
Chicago 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—2 [illegible]
Batteries—Hawley and Merritt Friend and Donohue Umpire—Sheridan

AT BALTIMORE— R H E
Baltimore 0 0 2 [illegible] 5 3 [illegible]—1[illegible] 17 2
Brooklyn [illegible] 2 0 0 0 0 5 0 6—[illegible] 18 7
Batteries—Pond, McMahon, Robinson, Stein, Payne and Grim Umpire—Hurst

AT WASHINGTON— R H E
Washington 1 0 0 0 [illegible] 0 4 0 [illegible]—8 11 2
Philadelphia 0 0 0 2 1 0 1 0 0—4 7 0
Batteries—Gettman, [illegible] McGuire Taylor and Grady Umpire—Lynch

AT NEW YORK— R H E
New York 0 0 4 1 1 0 1 5 [illegible]—12 18 0
Boston 1 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 1—3 10 2
Batteries—Meekin and Wilson Nichols and Bergen Umpires—Henderson and Campbell

AT CLEVELAND— R H E
Cleveland 0 2 0 3 0 0 0 0 [illegible]—5 [illegible] 1
St Louis 0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 0—2 11 2
Batteries—Wallace and Zimmer, Breitenstein and Murphy Umpire—Emslie

AT LOUISVILLE— R H E
Louisville 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0 1—3 9 3
Cincinnati [illegible] 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2 [illegible] [illegible]
Batteries—Hemming and Dexter Dwyer and Vaughn Umpires—Miller and Kline

Western League.

At Detroit—Detroit 11, Milwaukee 6.

Interstate League.

At Jackson, Mich—Jackson, 1, Youngstown 5

At Fort Wayne—Fort Wayne, 15 Washington 5

At Saginaw—Saginaw, [illegible] New Castle 5.

Turf Winners

At Cincinnati—Lady Marcel, Big Knight Mogalan Kitty G [illegible]

At Detroit—[illegible] Tommy [illegible] Bo [illegible], John Smith [illegible]

At New York—Cassop [illegible] Algerian Tom Cromwell Buckwa [illegible]

At St Louis—[illegible] Butter Charlie [illegible] Don't Skip Me, Lester, [illegible] Anna Bowena

Weather Indications.

For Ohio—Fair warmer showers on the lake fresh to brisk southerly winds [illegible] night

For Indiana—Local showers, followed by fair cooler, cooler winds becoming northwesterly

For West Virginia—Fair, fresh to brisk southwesterly winds

Vermonters In Cleveland.

CLEVELAND, O, Sept 11—Governor Woodbury, Governor-elect Grout, Senator Proctor and 100 other Vermont Republicans arrived here They were escorted to the Hollenden, where an impromptu meeting was held, with speeches by the two Vermont governors, the senator, Mayor McKisson, President Cowles of the chamber of commerce and others In the evening they enjoyed the fireworks display given in celebration of Perry's victory day Today they will go to Canton to pay their respects to Mr. McKinley.

Bogus Mason Arrested.

GALION, O, Sept 11—Will Hollis, who claimed Port Huron, Mich, to be his home and a Mason in good standing appealed to O L Hays for assistance, who gave him a meal and then telegraphed to the above named address to ascertain if he was not an imposter, and an answer came immediately that he was traveling about and obtaining money under false pretense, when he was arrested and pleaded guilty and his sentence was fixed at $200 and 30 days in the workhouse

Express Office Robbed.

THOMASVILLE, Ga., Sept 11—The office of the Southern Express company here was robbed of $1,000 The thieves entered through the front door and found the safe key that was left in the office The safe contained $2,000, but only one package containing $1,000 was taken. The burglars were frightened away promptly before the second package was discovered

UNDER ARMS.

Citizens Turn Out to Protect Custom House at Juarez.

EL PASO, Tex., Sept 11—No attempt was made by Yaquis or insurrectionists on the Juarez custom house, although one was expected The entire town is under arms, including four companies of infantry, one of cavalry and 100 rurales The custom house is carefully guarded by regular troops and armed clerks

Two troops of the Second cavalry arrived from Durango Three more troops of the same regiment have been stationed at Ahumada, 60 miles south of Juarez General Hernandez is in immediate charge of the forces.

United States Consul Hernard has wired Washington asking for United States troops at Fort Bliss to watch the border

Short Speeches Are the Best.

It is no new thing to have it demonstrated that in 99 cases out of 100 it is quite possible for a man to say all that is useful to utter on a particular question within the space of 20 minutes. The person chiefly responsible for the disease of verbosity, that saps the vitals of the present house of commons, is undoubtedly Mr. Gladstone. He has the excuse that he can talk continuously for an hour, or even two hours, and still charm his audience. That is a gift happily bestowed on few men.

Certainly it was not in the possession of the late Mr. Disraeli. All his best and most effective debating speeches were delivered within the limits of 20 minutes, a favorite measure of time with him when he was able to consult his taste and inclination. Sometimes it happened that, weighed upon with a sense of responsibility and of the importance of his position as leader on either side of the house, he thought it proper to speak for an hour or even longer. Even in these circumstances there were arid tracts of more or less gorgeous commonplace, here and there lighted up with flashes of the genius which, if untrammeled, would have sparkled uninterruptedly for 20 minutes, charming if not convincing.—H. W Lucy.

A Fault In Modern Wood Carving.

The wood carvings and wrought metal work of the middle ages attract the lover of the picturesque by certain irregularities of line and angularities of curve and plane, which do no injury to the whole, yet give it a character not found in the work of the rounded, sandpapered school of today. The tools of these masters were often crude, and many of these accidental accents were doubtless due to this fact Yet these men expressed grand ideals, and their work as it stands today has an individuality which is largely due to this very picturesqueness There are comparatively few workers in wood today who appreciate this quality, and only recently has really artistic wood carving been done by American carvers. One of our most eminent architects, in speaking of the desire of his wood carvers to destroy all character by the sandpapering process, says that it is necessary to stand over these men and to take their work from them while they still consider it unfinished.—J. William Fosdick in Century.

Adventure In the Sahara.

Tartarin narrated his latest exploits in the desert: "I was sinking deeper and deeper into the sand, and I owe my preservation solely to the fact of my being prematurely and completely bald."

"You are jesting."

"Not at all. The sun was shining fiercely, and a strong wind was blowing at the time. The sand drifted about my feet and rose gradually higher until it reached my chest—in short, there was soon nothing to be seen of me above the sand but a slight elevation as round as an egg That was my skull An ostrich, happening to pass that way, closely pursued by the hunters, came and squatted on my head. It was beginning to hatch me when its pursuers came to my rescue."—La Fanfare.

OPENS MONDAY.

A Large Enrollment of Pupils Expected This Year.

Superintendent Miller Closes the Institute and Assigns the Teachers—Several Changes From Last Year.

Below will be found the assignment of the teachers employed in the Lima Public Schools for the coming year. For the better accommodation of South Side pupils a new A Grammar grade has been established at south Pine street school, with Miss Sayre principal of the building, as teacher. She will receive the pupils promoted from the B Grammar, taught by Miss Gore at the South Elizabeth street school the past year, while Miss Gore will receive the pupils promoted from the C Grammar taught by Miss Sayre the past year.

A new D Grammar has been established at Reese Avenue in charge of Miss Alice Morris. She will receive the pupils promoted from the A Primary in Reese Avenue school last June An additional room will be opened in Grand Avenue for the better accommodation of those residing in the north part of the city.

The changes made upon the West school building have materially improved it, therefore it is earnestly hoped that all parents entitled to send their children to that building will not hesitate to do so as the structure is safe.

All schools will open on Monday, September 14. Every pupil in Lima should report for duty on that day, and attend regularly during the year as only such a course will bring the full reward. Let parent, pupil and teacher unite to make this the best school year in the history of our city.

Very respectfully,

C. C. MILLER, Sup't of Schools.

West Building—L. H. Rogers, principal, A Grammar: Miss Margaret Rumple, A Grammar: Miss Sarah Ford, B Grammar. Miss Jennie Christopher, B Grammar: Miss Belle Gibbs. C Grammar. Miss Lizzie Hammock, C Grammar; Miss Barbara Snyder, D Grammar: Miss Bertha Hatch, D Grammar; Miss Minnie Snook, A Primary: Miss Ada Vogel, A Primary: Miss Carrie Jones, B Primary: Miss Trevor, B Primary; Miss Rosa Keve, C Primary; Mrs. Ballard, C Primary; Miss Mildred Rumple, D Primary; Miss Lelia Maguire, D Primary.

East Building—Miss Lizzie Disman, A Grammar: Miss Alice Becthol, B Grammar; Miss Mary F. Stout, C Grammar: Miss Drusilla Reilly, D Grammar; Miss Emma Bachler, A Primary: Miss Medora Freemen, A Primary; Miss Iva Bowers, B Primary; Miss Sadie Dickerson, B Primary; Miss Metta Heffner, Miss Alice Hughes, C Primary: Miss Nellie Potter, Miss Louise Davis, D Primary.

Grand Avenue Building—Miss Etta Boysell, Prin., C Grammar: Miss Clara Bingham, D Grammar; Miss Lizzie Ducey, Miss Hannah Gordon, A Primary: Miss Lorena Gottfried, Miss Lillie Baum, B Primary, Miss Ida Umbaugh, C Primary; Miss Emma Haller, D. Primary.

South Pine Street Building—Miss Emma Sayre, Prin, A Grammar; Miss Louise] Grafton, C Grammar; Miss Emma Knopp, D Grammar; Miss Sadie Manning, A Primary; Miss Ella Bressler, B Primary: Miss Bernice Willaman, C Primary; Miss Stella Converse, Belle Bloxham, D Primary.

South Elizabeth—Miss Mary Gore, Prin, B Grammar: Miss Flora Bower, C Grammar: Miss Nina Laman, D Grammar: Miss Mary Armstrong, A Primary: Miss Sallie Cross, B Primary: Miss Cora V. Latham, C Primary, Miss Maude E Wilbur and Miss Gladys Eppert, D Primary.

West Spring—Miss Helen Caldwell, principal C Grammar: Miss Carrie Cunningham, D Grammar: Miss Hattie Armstrong, A Primary: Miss Winona Reichelderfer, B Primary: Miss Esther Swan, C Primary; Miss Lucy Hooper, D. Primary.

Reece Avenue—Miss Clara Reed, principal D Primary; Miss Alice Morris, D Grammar: Miss Lizzie Parrott, A Primary: Miss Emma Reilly, B Primary; Miss Mary Elder, C Primary.

North Jefferson—Miss Katherine McCarty, principal D Primary: Miss Anna Gagin, C and B Primary.

Shawnee—Miss Bessie Morris, principal A and B Primary: Miss Maude Shaffer, D and C Primary.

YEARLY REPORT

Of the Treasurer of the School Board to the County Auditor.

Treasurer Blosser, of the Lima School Board, has made his annual report of receipts and disbursments for the year ending August 31st. 1896. The following are the figures as reported to the county auditor:

RECEIPTS.

Balance on hand Sept. 1st 1895	$17 782 91
State tax	7,105 50
Local tax for school purposes	47,971 97
Fines, licenses, tuition of non-resident pupils, and other miscellaneous items	1,842 29
Total receipts	$75,194 66

EXPENDITURES.

Total wages of teachers	$33 830 31
Amount paid for supervision	1 800 00
Redemption of bonds, including interest	5,400 00
Fuel and contingent expenses	13,455 90
Total expenditures	$54,486 21
Balance on hand Sept. 1st, 1896	$20,708 45

C. D. Crites, Henry Blosser, Mrs Vicary and Auditor Walther examined the books this morning and found all accounts correct.

AMONG THE RAILROADS.

Brakeman Slife, of the L. E. & W., is laying off.

Conductor Thomas Tivnen, of the L. E. & W., is laying off. Conductor Mershon is running his car.

G. S. Halterman, until recently a switchman in the L. E & W. yards at Fostoria, is now braking on that road.

The number of railway employes killed in the United States during the year ending June 30 was 1,811, and the number injured, 25,696; passengers killed, 170; injured, 2 375 The number of passengers killed is remarkably small, being only one out of each 2,984,832 carried: and only one injured to 213,651 carried. The liability of passengers to accidents is better shown in the fact that 71,696,-743 passenger miles were accomplished for every passenger killed, and 5,131,-977 passenger miles for every passenger injured.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U.S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

FIRST

DO — Never put off till to morrow that that you can do today, but first do that of which you are not sure.

THAT — Some matters may be safely put off till to morrow —But not life assurance.— To-morrow may too late. You may be unassurable, or even dead.

OF — The very fact that life is so uncertain has made life

WHICH — assurance a successful business and a blessing to the millions it protects.

YOU — Make a little sacrifice, if you must. Don't persist in building that house, making that trip, and

ARE — rounding out a lot of other matters first. Take out some assurance! Take it in the Equitable, and take it now! By this means

NOT — you throw the arm of protection around those whom you have sworn to protect, and, at the same

SURE. — time, help to make provision for your own maturer years.

Send your age to the undersigned and see what a policy would cost you NOW

R. W. WALLACE & CO.,

General Agents,

Room 6 Holmes Block, LIMA, OHIO

WANTED

WANTED—to buy a single team, a covered wagon preferred. Apply at the King & Day ware house.

WANTED—Two young men or two ladies to room and board. Call at 130 north McDonald street. Private house. 4-3t*

WANTED—Girl at Hotel Columbia, 929 south Main street 1t*

WANTED—Apprentices at Miss Murphy's to learn the Millinery trade.

WANTED—A dining-room girl at once at 222 north Elizabeth street. 2 3t

WANTED—A girl for general housework in family of four. Call at 684 east Elm. 2 3t

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family. Best of wages Call at once on Mrs O. B. Selfridge, Jr., 939 West Market street.

PERSONS desiring Dr. Cobb's Capsules, formerly sold by Mrs. Williams, can obtain same by calling on or addressing Mrs E. E Snow, No 704 east Market street 5-eod-1w

Bell 'Phone, 116 Dwelling, 624 E. Market St.

C. L. WARD, M. D.

Office—36 West High Street.

Opposite Postoffice Lima Ohio Office Hours —8 to 10 a m 1 to 3 p m and 7 p m.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

Our Clothing Department is Complete!

$8.00, $10.00, $12.00 AND $15.00

Will buy a good, wool, honest, well-made and excellent fitting Suit, in Cassimeres, Cheviots, Scotch, Worsteds, in all desirable shades.

Suits Made to Order on Short Notice.

FROM $14.00 UP.

A full line of samples to select from. Quality, style, workmanship, fit and price right, OR NO SALE.

LOEWENSTEIN BROS.

Clothiers, Furnishers and Hatters.

28 and 30 Union Block. - - - Public Square.

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THE GRAND FINALE.

Cleveland's Centennial Ends With Celebration of Perry's Victory Day.

CLEVELAND, Sept. 11.—The celebration of Perry's Victory day was begun at 5 a. m. by the firing of the national salute of 47 guns. At 8 a. m. there was a reception to the staffs and the staff of R... Island and other distinguished visitors. An hour after the exercise at the Central Armory commenced, where following various selections of music, Mayor Robert E. McKisson introduced Governor Bushnell of Ohio as the president of the day.

After an address by Governor Bushnell and prayer by the Rev. John Mitchell, Governor ... Lippitt of Rhode Island delivered an oration. He was followed by ex-United States Senator M. C. Butler of South Carolina, a nephew of Commodore Oliver Hazard Perry. Rev. Dr. R. C. Manchester, a third cousin of Commodore Perry, made the closing prayer.

In the afternoon a great civic and industrial pageant took place, in which many thousands of persons took part. The parade was one of the most interesting and attractive ever witnessed in this city.

The battle of Lake Erie, which has immortalized the name of Oliver Hazard Perry, was reproduced in the lake front in the evening in a sham battle and pyrotechnical display, which was the grand finale of Cleveland's centennial celebration.

New Incorporations.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 11.—The Hall's Safe company, Cincinnati, capital stock $100,000; the Newark Driving Park Association company, Newark, capital stock, $2,000; the Grand Rapids Amusement company, Grand Rapids, capital stock $5,000.

And He's a Capitalist.

BOWLING GREEN, O., Sept. 11.—W. H. Millikin, the wealthiest individual oil producer in Wood county, and a prominent banker, bolted the Republican ticket and declares he will vote for Bryan and the free coinage of silver.

Made a Punching Bag of Him.

HICKSVILLE, O., Sept. 11.—Mrs. C. V. Tannehill punched G. W. Hull, a chewing gum salesman of Defiance, in the face with her fist in the crowded opera house. She says Hull tickled her under the chin and played with her hair.

Will Not Support McKinley.

RICHWOOD, O., Sept. 11.—F. H. Thornhill declines the nomination of elector on the National Democratic ticket, says he has always been a Democrat and will not support McKinley.

An Engineer Killed.

ENON STATION, O., Sept. 11.—Passenger train No. 5 on the Erie road collided with a "wild" engine and Engineer Judge Froelick of Galion, in charge of the passenger engine, was killed.

His Money Missing.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 11.—It is believed Leo Hymrod, whose body was found in the river, was murdered. When last seen alive he had a large sum of money. This is missing.

Knights and Ladies of Honor.

COLUMBUS, O., Sept. 11.—The seventh biennial session of the grand lodge of Ohio, Knights and Ladies of Honor, commenced in this city. The attendance is large.

Frantz's Alleged Confession.

DAYTON, O., Sept. 11.—Two men have made affidavit that Frantz, Bessie Little's lover, told them he killed her, immediately after the crime was committed.

Horrible Fate of a Child.

PLUMWOOD, O., Sept. 11.—The 5-year-old child of John Little was kicked insensible by a horse and its hand eaten off by hogs. It is still alive.

Loaned County Funds.

PORTSMOUTH, O., Sept. 11.—County Treasurer William Z. Draper lost $4,000 by loaning the county's funds to the late George Davis.

Child Scalded to Death.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11.—The 2-year-old child of Mr. Carl Meyers fell into a pail of boiling water and was scalded to death.

He Took Morphine.

CINCINNATI, Sept. 11.—Julius Zurmehlen suicided by taking morphine pills.

MARKET REPORTS.

Grain and Stock Quotations For Sept. 10.

New York.

Beef—Family, $8 00@9 00; extra mess, $6 50@7 00, packed, $7 00@8 00. Cut meats—Pickled bellies, 5@6c; pickled shoulders, 3¾c; pickled hams, 9½@10c. Lard—Western steam, $3 62½. Pork—Old mess, $7 50@8 25; family, $9 25@10 15, short clear, $8 75@10 00.

Butter—Western dairy, 8½@12c; creamery, 11½@16½c; d factory, 7½@11½c; Elgins, 16½c; imitation creamery, 9½@12c. Cheese—State large, 5½@8¼c; small, 6@8¼c; part skims, 2@5c; full skims, 2@2½c. Eggs—State and Pennsylvania, 15½@17c; western fresh, 15@17c.

Wheat—67¼c. Corn—25½c. Rye—39c. Oats—19½@15½c.

Chicago.

Hogs—Light, $3 15@3 40; rough packing and shipping, $2 50@2 70, mixed and butchers', $2 90@3 35; heavy packing and shipping, $2 50@3 25.

Cattle—Fair to best beeves, $3 10@5 05; stockers and feeders, $2 50@3 75; mixed cows and bulls, $1 25@3 10, Texans, $2 50@3 15; western, $2 75@3 90.

Sheep—Natives, $3 00@3 60, western, $3 70@4 00; Texans, $1 60@2 10. Lambs—4 00@4 45.

Wheat—56½@56¾c. Corn—20¾c. Oats—15¼c. Rye—31c.

Pittsburg.

Cattle—Prime, $4 15@4 25, fair to good butchers, $4 00@4 65, bulls, cows and stags, $2 00@4 50.

Hogs—Heavy, $3 30@3 40; medium, $3 60@3 65; roughs, $2 00@4 00.

Sheep and Lambs—Choice sheep, $3 70@3 80, common, $2 00@2 50, choice lambs, $4 40@4 65, export, $3 50@3 5.

Buffalo.

Cattle—Market easy and 10@20c lower.

Hogs—Yorkers, $3 65@3 65; roughs, common to good, $2 80@3 20; mediums and heavies, $3 50@4 35; pigs, $3 50@3 60.

Sheep and lambs—Extras, $3 85; good prime, $3 25@3 75, common, $1 50@2 25; choice lambs, $5 20. Veal calves, $5 65@6 00.

Cincinnati.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 60c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 22½c. Oats—No. 2 mixed, 15½c. Rye—No. 2, 30½c.

Lard—$3 20. Bulk meats—$3 67½. Bacon—$4 50.

Hogs—$2 60@3 35. Cattle—$2 25@4 60. Sheep—$1 50@3 25. Lambs—$2 50@4 60.

Toledo.

Wheat—62½c. Corn—No. 2 mixed, 21½c. Oats—No. 2 white, 15½c. Rye—33½c. Clover seed—$4 25.

"The Gray Dawn Is Breaking."

If attainment of fame almost in childhood, added to a life very long, genius, a handsome physique and perfect health, a fine presence and fascinating manners, could make a human being happy, then Frederic Nicholls Crouch ought to have been blest beyond most mortals, for he had all these in a striking degree. Yet his life was one long struggle with poverty, to which his brave soul succumbed at last. Domestic troubles beset him early in life and pursued him many years. The man who wrote "Kathleen Mavourneen" was lovable, chivalrous and all that the author of so great a song ought to be.

But he had no money making talent. He gave away the copyright of "Kathleen Mavourneen." It has swelled the fortunes of music publishers, but the beautiful English boy who wrote the sweet, thrilling melody lived to manhood and grew old and weak and poor without ever deriving a dollar of profit from it. One cent each contributed by the millions who have sung and listened to "Kathleen Mavourneen" would have made its author well off for life. Doubtless the announcement of his death will be the first intimation to many that he was the person who composed this piece of music. The words were written by an English lady. For many years Mr. George H. Thomas annually invited Professor Crouch to spend the summers at Portland, Me., where the aged composer closed his eyes to earth. Let us hope they have opened on a place that will be kinder to him than America, his adopted country, was. Let us hope the gray dawn has indeed broken into a brighter day for Frederic Nicholls Crouch.

Young Victor Emmanuel of Italy.

In our humble and unknown capacity we desire to offer congratulations to King Humbert and Queen Margaret of Italy that they have a prospect of getting their son, Crown Prince Victor Emmanuel, off their hands marrimonially at last. It has been almost as hard to dispose of him as of the Italian government's bonds. If rumor is to be believed, which is doubtful—for rumor, especially newspaper rumor, is a sad liar—the young prince has tried his luck with almost every marriageable princess in Europe. Now it was said he was to wed a Bourbon, now a German and again Maud of Wales, who lately married a son of Denmark. They would none of him, it seems, not any of them.

If it had only been the boy's grandfather, that old reprobate Victor Emmanuel for whom he was named, he would have had a dozen royal ladies dying for him, but being a thoroughly good fellow, slightly shy, delicate in health and a little melancholy, women were not attracted to him, crown prince though he was. He is 28 years old.

Let us hope, however, that all parties will make a real go of it this time and that the wedding bells of the heir to the Italian throne and gentle Princess Helene of Montenegro will chime merrily at last. In case, though, anything should cause a break in the engagement and it, too, should fall through, we need only whisper a word in the ear of the young royalty as follows:

Come over to America and ask for the hand of the daughter of an American oil, iron, mining or railroad king or of a cattle princess. She won't fail you.

Chicago will be one ahead again when the great tower now planned out for construction in the Windy City is finished. The name of City Tower will be given it to express the towering ambition of Chicago to surpass all the cities of the earth in almost everything. The tower of Babel was nowhere compared to this structure, which will be built by laborers speaking as various languages as the Babel people suddenly found themselves speaking. But times have changed since then and these workmen not only understand one another, but will carry to completion a tower 1,550 feet high. It is 550 feet taller than the Eiffel at Paris. Nothing that was ever constructed by the hand of men in any age is equal to it for height, at least so far as history goes. From its peak will float the American flag, naturally. If Mr. Ignatius Donnelly's "Lost Atlantis" had anything like it, Mr. Donnelly does not know about it. The useful feature of the thing will be that there will be constructed at its top an astronomical observatory which will be of service in the flat country around Chicago. Observers at such a height ought to be able to see the approach of storms long enough to give warning. There will be also fine opportunity for studying atmospheric and electrical phenomena.

The lesson to be remembered, as learned from the history of our own Alabama claims commission, is that when a nation permits filibustering expeditions to be fitted out within its borders to attack a friendly nation the first nation thereby lays itself liable for damages to the second one. Those engaged in fitting out expeditions to aid the Cuban patriots will therefore need to be exceedingly careful not to be caught, or if their vessels and men are captured, not to have any incriminating documents aboard.

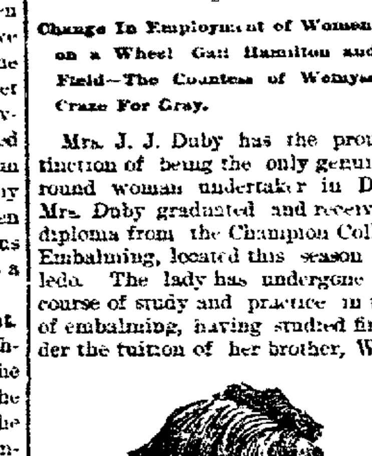
The announcement that the German government will try to break the power of the Standard Oil company has attractive interest to those who enjoy a pretty fight. The spectacle of Emperor William bucking against the American Standard Oil company will be a powerfully edifying one.

WOMAN'S WORLD.

A DETROIT WOMAN WHO HAS MASTERED THE EMBALMING ART.

Change In Employment of Women—Wife on a Wheel—Gail Hamilton and Kate Field—The Countess of Wemyss—The Craze For Gray.

Mrs. J. J. Duby has the proud distinction of being the only genuine, all round woman undertaker in Detroit. Mrs. Duby graduated and received her diploma from the Champion College of Embalming, located this season at Toledo. The lady has undergone a long course of study and practice in the art of embalming, having studied first under the tuition of her brother, William



MRS. J. J. DUBY.

De Saffery of this city, and subsequently under various embalmers of Detroit. She has now been pronounced clearly proficient by the men who conduct the Champion School of Embalming and will enter upon a practical career as an undertaker and embalmer. Mrs. Duby lives with her husband over the undertaking establishment in which she will work.

The college of embalming from which Mrs. Duby graduated is a traveling school of embalming which will visit Detroit next May.

Mrs. Duby is 26 years of age. She is a good looking woman, intelligent and energetic and devoted to her chosen business.—Detroit News-Tribune.

Change In the Employment of Women.

In the city of New York, in what may be called the office building district below Chambers street, where the population of a good sized town is gathered tier on tier within the ground area of a common city lot, young women swarm. Morning and evening the streets are crowded with them. Farther up town, for at least a couple of miles, at the same hours a large proportion of the crowds that stream along the streets are young women also, these mostly of what is known as the shopgirl class. These are now common sights of city life, but a man need not be very old—at least I hope not—to remember when the sight of a half dozen young women in the neighborhood of Wall street was a novel and exciting event, and when, in the up town stores, even in those devoted to the sale of the most esoteric constituents of woman's attire, women were found as customers only and were waited upon, more or less skillfully, by persons of the superior sex.

Statistics, as I have said, are not required to prove the change. They are, however, useful to measure its extent. Take the figures of the census of 1890 with reference to the number of those engaged in what are classed as gainful occupations. The total is 22,735,661. It was 17,392,099 in 1880, an advance of 30.72 per cent. The increase in the number of males engaged in gainful occupations was 27.64 per cent, but the increase in the number of females was 47.68 per cent. As the increase in total population for the same period was a trifle under 25 per cent, it will be seen how very marked was the influx of women in the income earning occupations. If now we turn to the employments as classified in the census reports, we find the following ratios of increase prevail: Professional services, men 48.53 per cent, women 75.84 per cent; domestic and personal service, men 15.97 per cent, women 41.15 per cent; manufacturing and mechanical industries, men 46.01 per cent, women 62.87 per cent; trade and transportation, men 71.75 per cent, women 263.25 per cent. These percentages would of course be misleading if the totals were disregarded, but they indicate clearly enough the direction in which the change has been going on and the lines on which it has been most marked, while the totals show that women are now a little more than 17 per cent of those engaged in gainful occupations, whereas in 1880 they were a little less than 15 per cent.—Edward Cary in Forum.

Wife on a Wheel.

"Meg" of the Pittsburg Press asks us to sit on the steps and porches these evenings with the women whose husbands and children are all off on their wheels and hear the concerted growl that is going up on the part of the left behind "hausfrau." She gives a reason for it in this way: "The heads of the family are both middle aged or maybe past that age, and 'mother,' with a heart in her breast upon which there are no wrinkles, thinks she would like to ride a wheel, but is persuaded she is too old; that it would be unbecoming in the mother of a family; that the wheel should only be ridden by children for pleasure and by men to facilitate business and save street car money.

"Besides, there are four wheels in the family now, and paterfamilias announces that he is not able to buy out a factory. The grown up son had of course bought his own wheel, ostensibly to ride to his place of business, but in reality to ride out with the girls in the evening. Father of course had bought the grown up daughter a wheel, since all the girls in her set were riding and nobody was to be found at home any more, everybody being out on wheels. Another had to be purchased for the children, since all the little people in the neighborhood were riding, and of course father had to have one, both for business reasons and because his physician had recommended it.

"So there were four wheels in the family, but none for mother! I have talked with any number of these left at home women, and they are downright indignant and refuse to be relegated to the rocking chair before their time. They fail to see why gray hairs would look more giddy on the bicycle than gray whiskers. Many are now learning to ride between two days, and one of these mornings or evenings there are going to be some great surprises. So look a little out, all you men who have to ride down town after dinner 'to see a man' or to the office 'for papers,' for you are likely to meet your wife on a wheel."

Gail Hamilton and Kate Field.

With Gail Hamilton's death there has departed the one woman in this country who could be compared with Kate Field for the influence she exerted and for the forcibleness, directness and incision of her style. Both women were distinctly ambitious, both were often disinterested, both felt a profound sympathy for the oppressed, either as individuals or classes; both were intensely patriotic, both were aggressive, caustic, witty, keen, regardless of consequences, but scrupulous, trustworthy, accurate and studious. No writers of their age have been more alert to matters of national importance or have more wittily satirized that which would tempt caustic pens. Both were spinsters and concentrated their excellent abilities upon public life or literary work.

For the emotions of maternity they were obliged to substitute the instinct for humanity, and they did it well and conscientiously, making of themselves mothers to many rather than mothers to a few. Both enjoyed the friendship and trust of many men, though neither encouraged love in the opposite sex. Both were women of too large a comprehension not to have desired love and mourned because it never came to them in its fullness. Lacking that blessing, they entered upon brilliant and powerful lives, sinking the personal as much as possible in achievements beneficial to mankind in general and gratifying to their love of ambition. Both lived lives of rectitude. They did what they could, and it was a great deal, for it burnished the literature of their age.—Omaha World-Herald.

The Countess of Wemyss.

The Countess of Wemyss, who died the other day, was a somewhat notable figure in London's fashionable world not only for her kindliness and hospitality, but for her sound common sense. A passage in her will relating to the manner in which she desired her funeral service to be conducted is distinctly interesting. It runs as follows:

"I particularly wish that no undertaker should have anything at all to do with the management beyond providing the coffin, which I desire should be made as plain as it is possible to make it. I wish the coffin to be laid on the frame of a farm cart, or lorry, covered over with a purple or some colored, not black, so called pall and drawn by four horses, led by their own drivers, and I should like to be carried to the grave by such friends, workers on the estate, as are willing to do so. I hope that blinds will not be drawn or crape worn, and that there will be as little outward sign of mourning as possible. I hope these wishes will not be looked upon as in any way eccentric. They are not so. They are simply the expressions of a feeling that pomp and expenditure in funerals are unbecoming and that death at the end of a long and happy life is more a matter of thankfulness and rejoicing than of lamentation or woe.

"Sleep after toyle, port after stormie seas,
Ease after warre, death after life,
Doe greatly please."

Lady Wemyss' wishes in regard to her funeral were carried out, though in place of the plain coffin one of polished oak, with heavy brass mountings, was provided.—Buffalo Courier.

A Craze For Gray.

There is in Paris a craze for gray, dull gray, smoke gray, yellow gray, blue gray, only gray. Combine it how and with what one pleases, a gray gown is as necessary as a silk lining. One of the prettiest is an at home toilet of gray and white, the satin skirt very full and plain but for figures of white lace appliqued upon it. The border has a full vest of white mousseline de soie, basques and a large cape collar with lace edging and insertion. The belt and the folded collar are white, with choux of lace. Never has lace been so much used as now. It plays a most prominent part on all gowns and hats, no matter what the material, no matter what the color. It is made into butterflies and stiffened into shape for millinery purposes. It is used to cover waistcoats when the silk may be deemed of too deep a shade. It softens and beautifies everything it touches and is most popular in the yellow shades which are so becoming to the complexion. Next to gray, blue and white are all the rage, following in the vogue of the delft ware. Blue foulards scattered over with great white bouquets are seen everywhere. The shop windows are crowded with them; the boulevards and promenades abound in them. The combination is to be found in expensive and cheap fabrics. Still its popularity has not abated one jot.—Paris Letter.

Women Doctors In Australia.

Woman has bounded to the front in Victoria. Miss Robina Barton all but succeeded in her application to the marine board for a second mate's certificate on board foreign going vessels, and now Miss Alfrida Hilda Gamble and Miss Janet Lindsay Greig have been duly appointed and have commenced their duties as resident medical officers of the Melbourne hospital, a large institution in the heart of the city accommodating some hundreds of patients suffering from all sorts of miscellaneous complaints.

It has been the custom of the hospital authorities to take the first six graduates in the final honor list of the Melbourne University Medical school every year and appoint them resident medical officers at the institution, but this year they were confronted with an unexpected difficulty, for the names of the two ladies appeared on the list. Among the profession and in the press the battle raged hotly as to the claims of the ladies; but, as the hospital committee includes politicians who foresee the approach of the franchise for women, the lady candidates simply "walked in," as the sporting writers put it, when the question came to a division, and they commenced work along with the four new male residents who are their colleagues.—Woman's Journal.

Jewish Women's National Council.

The convention of the national council of Jewish women to be held in New York from the 15th to the 20th, inclusive, of November, is the first venture of the kind ever undertaken by Jewish women. A very interesting programme for the few days' meeting has been prepared, which will be opened by an address by the president of the council, Mrs. Hannah G. Solomon of Chicago. It will be recalled by those present at Louisville that Mrs. Solomon represented the council at the federation biennial. The president of the New York section will also make an address of welcome, and during the session, besides the reports of the officers of sections and national officers, there will be a number of interesting special papers by well known women. These will be on most practical topics, "Philanthropy," "Charity," "The Training of Children," "The Crowded Districts of Great Cities," and kindred subjects. In this national council there are 39 sections, as they are termed, with others about to enroll themselves, so that by November it is expected there will be over 50 branches.

Stylish Autumn Cloth Frock.

A very smart autumn frock is made of a smooth surfaced cloth that shows a dove gray background with a hair line of dark blue traversing it. The skirt is moderately wide, the upper part being fitted closely to the figure, though the lower has a decided flare. The bodice is a fitted coat having a waistcoat of blue cloth matching the blue stripe set in the front and buttoned down on each side with small silver buttons. The collar is a high, plain one of blue satin, with overlapping points of the blue satin, outlined with a silver cord. The sleeves are moderately full, shaped in to fit the arms and have points of blue satin larger but the same shape as those on the collar, turning back in cuff fashion on the lower part of each sleeve and being fastened in place by a silver button on the extreme of each point. The hat is a soft gray felt, with a band of gray about its crown and a bunch of blue feathers at one side. The gloves are gray undressed kid.—Ladies' Home Journal.

Hats.

Most of the huge round hats piled with gauze or tulle of two different colors, with a basketful of roses intermixed with a big unrefined looking buckle and the whole overspread by a pair of farreaching birds of paradise plumes, are absurd to a degree and look ridiculous above a face either full or slender. It is to be hoped that these decorations will pass into desuetude with the coming of autumn hat garnitures. It is said that aigrets will not be in such favor, for the reason that the royal bride, Princess Maud, has decided to no longer countenance a fashion which causes suffering and death to the nesting heron which provides them.—New York Post.

Sponge Cake Dominoes.

Bake a sheet of sponge cake about an inch thick when done. Cut it into oblong pieces the shape of dominos. It is not necessary to copy the size. The cakes are usually made about 2½ inches by 1½. Ice them thickly with glossy white icing on the top and sides. Melt some sweetened chocolate by scraping up an ounce and adding a tablespoonful of cold water. Stir the chocolate and water with a spoon in a little pot set in water until it is melted and glossy. Draw lines in chocolate on the dominoes and mark them with dots.

Have You One of Mrs. Stowe's Letters?

The family of the late Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe request that any persons having letters of Mrs. Stowe will send them to Houghton, Mifflin & Co., 4 Park street, Boston, or A. P. Watt, Esq., Hastings House, Norfolk street, Strand, London, with reference to their possible use in a contemplated "Life and Letters of Mrs. Stowe." These letters will be carefully returned to their owners after copies have been made of such as are found to be available.

From California comes this bit of repartee: "When you ladies get the ballot, what are you all going to run for?" queried Governor Budd of Miss Anthony. "Well, I am going to run for home," was her reply.

Women journalists are advancing in the Australian colonies. Every newspaper has one lady or more on its staff or among its contributors. Many of them correspond also with British and American journals.

The Kitchen Garden association, an offshoot of the Chicago Woman's club, has already under instruction, it is said, 50 young girls, ranging from 7 to 14 years, whom they are preparing for domestic service.

The New Century club of Cincinnati has established a department of ethical culture, of which Mrs. Sara Drukken is chairman.

The fall will be a season of broad brimmed hats and ostrich plumes.

Constipation

Causes fully half the sickness in the world. It retains the digested food too long in the bowels and produces biliousness, torpid liver, indigestion, bad taste, coated tongue, sick headache, insomnia, etc. Hood's Pills cure constipation and all its results easily and thoroughly. 25c. All druggists. Prepared by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass. The only Pills to take with Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Hood's Pills

Assignee's Sale of Real Estate.

In pursuance of the order of the Probate Court of Allen County, Ohio, I will offer for sale at public auction, on the

3rd DAY OF OCTOBER 1896

At 1 o'clock p. m., at the east door of the court house in said County and State the following described real estate to-wit:

Inlot number nineteen hundred and forty-seven [1947], in Burns' addition to the City of Lima, Ohio. Appraised at $500.00.

Also inlot number sixty-one [61] in the village of Elida, in Allen County, Ohio. Appraised at $700.00.

Also a lot situated in the village of Elida, Allen County, Ohio. The west half of inlot number eight [8] in said village. Appraised at $1,000 00.

Also inlot number nine [9] in said village. Appraised at $600 00.

Also a tract of land described as follows and situate in said county of Allen and State of Ohio, to-wit: Being a part of the southeast fraction of section seven [7], township three [3], south range six [6], east, and more minutely described as follows: Beginning at the northwest corner of lot number fifty-six [56] in the Village of Elida, thence south four and one-half degrees, west one chain and seventy-eight links to the southwest corner of said lot number fifty-six [56], thence north sixty-one and one-half degrees, west along the railroad five chains and sixty-six [66] links, thence north two degrees, east one chain and twenty links, thence north one and one-half degrees, east five [5] chains and sixty-five links to the northwest corner of lot one hundred and thirteen [113] in said village of Elida, thence south to the northeast corner of said lot number fifty-six [56], thence west one chain to the place of beginning, containing one and twenty-six hundredths acres, except two town lots next adjoining inlot number one-hundred and thirteen, on the west, now owned by J. T. Morris. Appraised at $100 00.

Terms of sale.—Cash.

STEPHEN D. CRITES,
As Assignee in Trust for the Benefit of the Creditors of Jasper N. Morris.
Hoagland & Creps, His Attorneys.

Legal Notice.

The undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as assignee in trust for the creditors of A. W. Glovier. All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

W. H. LEETE, Assignee.
Lima, Aug. 22, 1896.

Legal Notice.

The undersigned has been appointed and has qualified as assignee in trust for the creditors of Andrew C. Shollet. All persons interested will govern themselves accordingly.

W. H. LEETE, Attorney.
Lima, Aug. 22, 1896.

The Rosy Freshness

And a velvety softness of the skin is invariably obtained by those who use Pozzoni's Complexion Powder.

Dangerous Drinking Water.

Death lurks in impure water. It breeds diseases, often in epidemic form.

The first symptom is looseness of the bowels. These diseases are checked by taking Foley's Colic and Diarrhoea Cure. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

Constipation is the cause of all sorts of serious disorders of the blood. Strong cathartics are worse than useless. Burdock Blood Bitters is nature's own remedy for troubles of this sort.

Bright Colored Belts.

If you are going to get one of the new, soft belts considered so smart now, get one made of a Tartan. The varied coloring makes it go with any gown and its bright shades give the necessary fall dash of colors to your costume.

My Baby.

CANTON, O., 2-26, '96—Hand Medicine Co.—"My baby had been having wind colic since her birth and she was two months old when I procured a bottle of Dr. Hand's Colic Cure. In less than two weeks' time she was cured of having colic and has never had it since. We had tried several other medicines but they did no good. I can cheerfully recommend your colic cure to be the best. Mrs. F. H. Rock." Sold by all druggists. 25c.

Distilled from the richest Malt Barley, Chase's Barley Malt Whisky is full of nutriment, mild and excellent and absolutely pure. Peter Keller sole agent for Lima.

Found.

At Vortkamp's drug store, a marvelous cure for all kidney complaints, nervous exhaustion and female weakness. It is Foley's Kidney Cure.

CINCINNATI HAMILTON & DAYTON RY. CH&D CINCINNATI INDIANAPOLIS CHICAGO DAYTON TOLEDO DETROIT

Excursions via C., H. & D. R. R. Co.

Troy, O., and return. On account fair the C., H. & D. will sell round trip tickets Sept. 28, 29, 30, Oct. 1 and 2, good to return until Oct. 3. Rate only $1.60.

Home seekers excursion to the West and South Aug. 31, Sept. 1, 14, 15, 28 and 29, at one fare.

Niagara Falls and return and to all other Eastern resorts at very low rates.

Sunday rate on the C., H. & D. R. R. will be one fare for the round trip to all points.

H. J. McGUIRE, Ticket Agent.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

ou keep the stomach and bowels right
, damp weather you will not be trou-
with any of the summer ills; and there
y one way to keep them right and that
the use of Lightning Hot Drops. Now
s what stomach and bowel troubles in-
: All intestinal ills, from Infantile
to Cholera Asiatica. There's Cholera
us—should be written simply Cholera,
e morbus adds nothing to the meaning;
deadly disease; often kills, and kills
ly, too, if not checked, death frequently
g within a few hours of the beginning
attack. Cholera Morbus is of mi-
origin; so are the great majority of
ch and bowel disorders, one particular
s of bacterium inducing this complaint,
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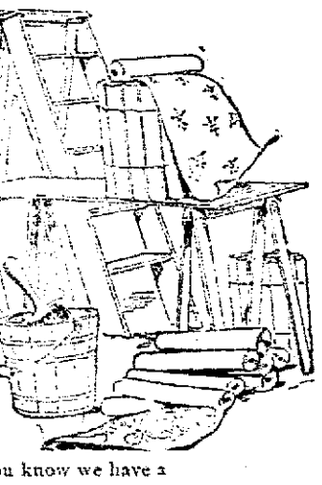
hning Hot Drops cures all Stomach
owel troubles—Cholera, Cholerine or
nitory Diarrhoea, Cholera Morbus,
era Infantum, Summer Complaint, Dys-
or Bloody Flux, Flux, Diarrhoea,
p Colic, Painter's Colic, Nausea,
ing and Flatulency—it cures the
long list, from Cholera to Infantile
Sweetened, children like it. Light-
Hot Drops will cure any kind of pains,
al and internal. Have a bottle ready,
n can't tell how soon you may need it
e know its use will save you much
ng. This is not an overdrawn state-
but every word is true, and when you
once tried it you will say the same.

hning Hot Drops are sold with the
understanding that if you get no re
our money will be refunded by your
ist. The 50c size contains two and a
mes as much as the 25c size.

HERB MEDICINE CO.,

Springfield, O.



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Wall Paper at 3c Per Roll,
Border at 1½c a yard?
and see it.

DOWNARD & SON.

EEP : COOL
And Use the

KELLY
SHOWER
BATH
RING
—AND—
Hot Water
Proof Hose.

Prevents wetting the head and floor.

$2 EXPRESS AD. 25c.

ents wanted in every city who can pur-
dozen, lots or more. Send for catalogue.
st Proof Water Closets, Self Acting
Closets, Kelly Stop and Waste Cock.

HOS. KELLY & BROS.
209 Madison Street, Chicago.

LOCAL TIME CARD

time of departure of trains from
arious depots at Lima, Corrected
, 1895:

P., Ft. W. & C. R. R.

—Going East	Daily	7 45 a m
"	"	8 30 a m
"	ex. Sunday,	3 15 p m
"	"	9 30 p m
"	Limited	10 50 p m
—Going West.	ex. Sunday,	9 20 a m
"	"	2 50 p m
"	"	3 44 p m
"	"	2 00 a m
"	Limited	3 33 a m

C., H. & R. R.

—Going North,	daily	1 45 a m
"	daily	6 20 a m
"	daily ex. Sunday	8 25 a m
"	"	12 45 p m
"	ex Sunday	5 05 p m
"	"	6 55 p m
"	ex Sun. arrive	9 50 p m
"	Sunday only	7 45 a m
"	" arrive	10 30 p m
—Going South,	daily	3 05 a m
"	ex. Sunday	5 45 a m
"	"	9 20 a m
"	"	1 05 p m
"	"	4 10 p m
"	"	6 15 p m
"	arrive daily	10 15 p m
"	Sunday only	7 15 a m

L. E. & W. R. R.

—Going East,	daily ex. Sunday	7 20 a m
" "	" "	1 40 p m
" "	"	7 20 p m
" "	Sunday only	7 00 a m
	Return	9 30 p m
" West	"	9 35 a m
" "	" " "	4 50 p m
" "	"	2 45 a m

O. & E. R. R.

—Going East,	daily ex. Sunday	7 00 a m
" "	" "	3 30 p m
" "	"	9 02 p m
"	"	2 48 a m
" West,	" " "	7 00 a m
" "	" " "	9 23 a m
" "	"	11 23 a m
" "	" "	12 37 p m
" "	" " Monday	6 30 p m

OHIO SOUTHERN.

		Arrives
m	Daily, except Sunday	11 05 noon
m	" " "	5 25 p m

LIMA NORTHERN.

GOING NORTH.

—Express,	leaves	8:35 a m
—Local	"	10:30 a m
—Express,	"	5:10 p m

GOING SOUTH.

—Express,	arrives	8:20 a m
—Local,	"	4:20 p m
—Express,		8:00 p m

e application of Dr. Thomas'
tric Oil takes away the pain of
ost severe burn. It is an ideal
y liniment.

GET ING EVEN.

Train Dispatcher Packard Now Has the Laugh on Geo. Reel.

The Latter Caused Mr. Packard's Arrest at Tontogany and Now Has to Settle With the Marshal.

About two weeks ago Train Dispatcher W. T. Packard, of the C. H. & D., went to Bowling Green to meet his wife and took his bicycle with him. Dispatcher Geo. Reel knowing that the Marshal at Tontogany was not acquainted with Mr. Packard, he wired the officer to arrest a man on No. 2 for stealing a bicycle, giving a good description of Mr. Packard. The joke worked all right, but was too good to last long. The marshal soon discovered that he had been "duped," and offered to "set 'em up." Mr. Packard took the joke good naturedly acknowledging that Reel was a good one. However, the joke has now been turned upon Mr. Reel, as the following bill that he received yesterday will show:

TONTOGANY, O., 9, 10, '96.

STATE OF OHIO,
vs.
W. T. PACKARD,

G. E. REEL. DEAR SIR:

Below please find costs in above case as per your dispatch to arrest W. T. Packard.

Arrest	40
Attendance	$1 00
Total	$1 40

Hoping you will settle promptly, I remain, Yours truly,
WM. CROM, Marshal.
Incorporated village of Tontogany, O.

It is not unusual for druggists to recommend Chamberlain's Cough Remedy to their customers. Many of them have used it themselves, or in their families, and know from personal experience its great value in the treatment of coughs, colds and croup. They know too that their customers are their best friends, and naturally wish to give them the most reliable medicine they have for those ailments. Messrs. Daugherty Bros., prominent druggists of Indiana, Pa., say, "We sell more of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy than of any other cough syrup, and always take pleasure in recommending it to our customers." Mr. H. M. Urey, the popular druggist at Fredonia, Pa., who has sold Chamberlain's Cough Remedy for several years, says: "I can truly say that it is the best cough remedy in the market." For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

OIL AND GAS.

BLUFFTON FIELD.

Young & Ames No. 2 on the McElroy farm has been completed and shot and will make a good producer.

The Ohio's No. 4 on the Wm. Battles form has been drilled in. It was drilled fifty feet into the sand and will make a good well.

Well No. 2 on Mrs. Adam Bame's farm near Rawson, came in this week, flowing and promising for a big well. Rig for No. 3 is up.

The Ohio's C. Kempt No. 1 Sec. 6, was drilled sixty-five feet into the sand, with some oil and gas and about 600 feet of salt water. It was shot Wednesday morning.

C. F. Lufkin, one of the officials of the Ohio Oil Co., was here from Lima the first of the week, trying to negotiate a deal with the Putnam Oil Co. to secure a part of their territory.

The Buffalo Oil Co. shot their No. 4 on the Freeman Thompson farm Tuesday. They used 260 quarts of glycerine, the largest shot put in this field. The well made a very light showing before the shooting, but the shot improved it and it will make a fair pumper.

The Sun's No. 1 on the Harmon Ewing farm came in last week and was shot on Friday. It is a big gasser and makes fuss enough for a 500 barrel well, but its actual product is six inches per day. It has not yet been put to pumping. No. 2 has been located and spudding began on it Wednesday.

The Putnam Oil Co.'s No. 1 on the Peter Oberly farm reached sand last Thursday night, and when three screws in it began to gas heavily and throw oil. Drilling was shut down and a tank erected Friday. It has since been drilled some deeper and will be put to pumping natural. It continues to flow at intervals and the indications all point to a good well. It has created quite an interest in that section as that territory heretofore has always been looked upon by the bigger companies as of no value. Leasers are thick now in that vicinity.

The Wm. Fisher No. 4, where the big fire occurred a couple of weeks ago, has been completed, and an attempt was made to shoot it Tuesday. It was gassing heavily and when sixty quarts of the shot had been lowered, a shell became unhooked from the line a short distance down and fell to the bottom, exploding the other shells. Those in the vicinity of the well made themselves as scarce as possible, and in a few minutes the force of the shot threw out the usual amount of stones and debris, but no one was hurt. The well then flowed for some time. Contractor Boynton had taken the precaution to extinguish the fire under the boiler a few minutes before the premature explosion occurred, otherwise another fire would have resulted, as the wind carried the gas and oil right over the boiler. The well was tubed Wednesday and will be pumped until it tames down a little, when it may be shot again.—*Bluffton News.*

IT'S SO EASY

When You Know How—Allow Us to Tell You Before You Give Up Hope—Words of Encouragement From a Citizen of Lima.

After trying remedies that helped you;
When you have tried "cures" that didn't;
When you are completely stuck and in despair;
When your poor back still aches,
Because you don't get down to causes,
Try Doan's Kidney Pills.
The unexpected always happens.
If you toss all night racked with backache;
If you cannot bend over or straighten up,
Depend upon it it's your kidneys.
Kidney disorder rarely leaves of its own accord.
The tenant has to be evicted.
Doan's Kidney Pills do not compromise.
Arrange for a new lease,
They cure all kidney complaints.
This is their mission, and they fulfill it.

Mrs. M. C. Routson, residing at No. 242 south Pine street, says: "I got Doan's Kidney Pills at W. M. Melville's drug store, No. 147 north Main street, and they relieved me of a kidney trouble that had afflicted me for years. I had lameness and soreness in my back, pain across my kidneys, pains shooting up to my shoulder blades, and pains descending to my knees. I had an embarassing urinary trouble and it was for that I really took them. I found them to banish that at once, while the lameness in my back and the shooting pains disappeared later. They are a very, very good medicine, and I never had anything relieve me so positively and effectively as they did. I can heartily recommend Doan's Kidney Pills as a kidney cure."

Doan's Kidney Pills are for sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box, 6 boxes for $2.50. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y., sole agents for the U. S.

Jesse L. Test, Esq., an old resident and highly respected citizen of our town, called this morning and after purchasing a bottle of Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhœa Remedy, said: "If anyone asks you if this remedy will do what is claimed for it tell them yes, and refer them to me." H. ALEXANDER STOKE, Reynoldsville, Pa. No one can doubt the value of this medicine after giving it a fair trial. Then it is pleasant and safe to take, making it especially valuable for children. For sale by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; C. W. Heister, 58 public square.

GENTRY'S FAST MILE.

He Equals the Fast Mile of Robert J at Terre Haute In 2:01 1-2.

GLENS FALLS, N. Y., Sept. 11.—The first of the series of three races between the great pacing stallions, John R. Gentry (2:03¼) and Star Pointer (2:04½), for a purse of $5,000, with $500 added by the association should the track record of 2:03 be beaten, took place on the mile track of the Northern New York Trotting Horse Breeders' association at Glenns Falls.

Last week at Fleetwood John R. Gentry lowered the colors of Robert J, Frank Agin and Star Pointer, winning the most remarkable harness race on record, pacing the fastest three consecutive miles known.

The same handsome stallion equalled the world's record made by Robert J at Terre Haute two years ago, going a mile and winning the heat by almost a full length in 2:01½. The average time of the three heats here was just one-quarter of a second slower than the world's record made at Fleetwood last week.

This match brought out upwards of 7,000 people. The horses were in the pink of condition. The pools were selling 1 to 2 on John R. Gentry and 6 to 5 on Star Pointer. They closed at 5 to 2 on Gentry. They were given the word on the second score. Star Pointer had the pole. They started very level. As they sped around into the home stretch the stallions were as if in one harness. Then with a furious drive Gentry pushed his nose ahead and won the heat in 2:02¾.

The second heat was called at 4 p. m. At that time quite a breeze was blowing and this seemed to dampen all hopes of a record breaking performance. The horses were given the word on the first score, and a more magnificent race was never witnessed. They went along as one horse to the five-eighths pole, when Star Pointer, who was on the outside straining with every muscle, managed to show his head in front.

Into the stretch they came, and as Andrews shook up his horse, John R. Gentry by a wonderful burst of speed flew past his rival, passing under the wire a full length in front, with the world's record to his account, of 2:01½. Every person in the vast assemblage went wild with enthusiasm, for it seemed even before the time was posted that a record had gone down.

After such a wonderful performance the third heat proved somewhat of a disappointment. Gentry took the third heat in 2:05¾.

TRAIN ON FIRE.

Mail and Express Train From New York to Chicago Burned.

GOSHEN, Ind., Sept. 11.—The Lake Shore through express carrying mails and express from New York to Chicago caught fire near here and thousands of dollars worth of goods, with much mail matter, were destroyed.

When the flames were discovered the train was slowed down and an effort made to extinguish them. It proved unavailing and a wild run with the blazing train was made for this city six miles away. The fire department was called and the fire subdued, but not before much of the valuable expressage had been destroyed. The loss can not be accurately estimated.

An Ex-Congressman Seriously Ill.

FALLS VILLAGE, Conn., Sept. 11.—Ex-Congressman Frederick Miles lies critically ill at his residence at Twin Lakes, Lakeville. His death is expected at any time.

Goes to Pittsburg.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., Sept. 11.—Abel Lezotte, right fielder of the Wilkesbarre club, has been released to Pittsburg. The price paid was $1,000.

CONDITION OF CROPS.

September Report Shows a Decline In Corn Crop.

IT'S A DROP OF SIX POINTS.

The Averages In the Principal Corn-Growing States and the Reported Conditions For Spring and Winter Wheat.

WASHINGTON, Sept. 11.—The September report of the statistician of the department of agriculture shows a decline in the condition of corn from the August statement of six points, or from 96 per cent in August to 90 in September.

The averages in the principal corn growing states are: Kentucky, 93 Ohio, 104; Michigan, 104; Indiana, 106 Illinois, 100; Iowa, 103; Missouri, 85 Kansas, 89; Nebraska, 103.

Although there has been a falling off in condition in some states, particularly in Kansas and Nebraska, the crop this year promises to be a large one. Nearly all the great central states report a high condition, though with many local reports of drouth, flooding, rains, insects or along the northern border, early frosts.

The general condition of wheat, considering both winter and spring varieties, when harvested, was 74.6, against 75.4 in 1895 and 83.7 in 1894.

The reported conditions for the principal wheat states are as follows: Ohio, 52; Michigan, 75; Indiana, 66; Illinois, 77; Wisconsin, 7; Minnesota, 80; Iowa, 84; Missouri, 75; Kansas, 70; Nebraska, 77; South Dakota, 76; North Dakota, 61; California, 100; Oregon, 80; Washington, 75.

The European agent of the department reports a general reduction from earlier estimates of the wheat crop, owing to unavailable weather, which was particularly bad at harvest time in central Europe, though fairly good westward.

SENATOR HILL DECLINES.

He Will Not Serve as an Instructed Delegate to State Convention.

ALBANY, Sept. 11.—United States Senator Hill telegraphed as follows:

To Norton Chase, Chairman of the Albany County Democratic Convention:

I observe in morning papers that I have been elected a delegate from the Third Albany district to the state convention under instructions to vote for the indorsement of the Chicago platform and candidates.

This action is taken in opposition to my wishes and the judgment as expressed to you and I decline to accept the election upon the conditions imposed or upon any conditions which would restrict my freedom at Buffalo to act in such manner as I consider best for the interest of my party.

INHALED GAS.

Wholesale Cloak Dealer of New York Commits Suicide.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Leo Oberwarth, cloak dealer and maker, and member of the wholesale firm of Lowenstein & Oberwarth, was found dead in a room in the Vanderbilt hotel. He had committed suicide by inhaling gas.

Two days ago Oberwarth went to the hotel and registered as William Jones. He seemed to have plenty of money and was thought to be a commercial traveler. When found Oberwarth had in his mouth one end of a rubber tube which was fastened to the gas burner and that was turned on full.

Using a Forged Stamp.

CHICAGO, Sept. 11.—Roads between this city and St. Paul are much worked up over some frauds that have been discovered in the sale of the Grand Army tickets. It has been found that some of the brokers at St. Paul have secured a stamp similar to that of the agent appointed by the roads to certify the return portions of the Grand Army tickets, and a large number of the tickets certified with the forged stamp have been presented for passage. The roads have issued the most stringent orders to the conductors to see that the person presenting the ticket is the original purchaser.

An Ex-Ohioan Honored.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—Henry W. Taft, appointed by Mayor Strong as a commissioner of education to succeed John L. N. Hunt, has qualified. He is a son of the late Alphonso Taft of Cincinnati, and a brother of Congressman and Judge Will Taft of the federal court of appeals. Mr. Taft was educated in Ohio, and afterward became a public school teacher in that state.

The Judge Was Game.

NEW ORLEANS, Sept. 11.—Congressman Boatner attacked Judge A. A. Gunby with a club. The judge wrenched the club from Boatner, denounced him as a coward, slapped him in the face and would have used the club but for the interference of Boatner's friends.

More Gold Coming.

NEW YORK, Sept. 11.—A steamship left London having on board $1,000,000 in gold consigned to Heidelbach, Ickelheimer & Company of this city. The steamship Travo, from Southampton, brought $4,252,000 gold, making the total arrived $18,861,250.

The Three Friends Lands.

KEY WEST, Fla., Sept. 11.—The Three Friends has returned here after landing 3,000 rifles, 1,200,000 cartridges and 600 pounds of stick dynamite, three cannon and a great quantity of clothing and shoes, together with 100 men, in Cuba.

Directors Elected.

PORTLAND, Ore., Sept. 11.—The Oregon Improvement company elected directors. The company is still in the hands of a receiver. Two plans are now prepared to be submitted to the first and second bondholders for reorganization.

Blew His Brains Out.

BEVERLY, O., Sept. 11.—Robert Applegate, a wealthy man, purchased a revolver in Seyler's hardware store and while the clerk was turned blew out his brains dying instantly. A divorce suit against him was pending.

The Cyclist's Necessity.

POND'S EXTRACT

WILL CURE CUTS, BURNS, BRUISES, WOUNDS, SPRAINS, SUNBURN, CHAFINGS, INSECT BITES, ALL PAIN, AND INFLAMMATIONS.

USED INTERNALLY AND EXTERNALLY.

GENUINE IN OUR BOTTLES ONLY, BUFF WRAPPERS, SEE OUR NAME, POND'S EXTRACT CO., NEW YORK. 76 FIFTH AVENUE.

USE POND'S EXTRACT OINTMENT FOR PILES.

Sent by mail on receipt of 50 cts.

S. A. BAXTER, Pres. F. E. BAXTER, Cashier.

THE COMMERCIAL BANK.

SAMUEL A. BAXTER & SONS.

OLD POST OFFICE BUILDING, LIMA, OHIO.

A General Banking Business Transacted.

EVERY WOMAN

Sometimes needs a reliable, monthly, regulating medicine. Only harmless and the purest drugs should be used. If you want the best, get

Dr. Peal's Pennyroyal Pills

They are prompt, safe and certain in result. The genuine (Dr. Peal's) never disappoint. Sent anywhere, $1.00. Address PEAL MEDICINE CO., Cleveland, O.

For sale by Melville Bros.

AL CLERKS.

Mr. Bryan Addresses a Party of Delegates Going Through Lincoln.

LINCOLN, Neb., Sept. 11.—Twenty-four members of the National Postoffice Clerks' association, en route to the national convention to be held at Denver, shook hands with Mr. Bryan, and Mr. James H. Maloney, secretary of the civil service board and superintendent of the register department at Springfield, Mass., promised Mr. Bryan the support of that organization in a neat speech.

Shortly after noon J. H. Harley, the postmaster in this city, received a telegram from the members of the association on board the train, asking him to have Mr. Bryan at the depot at 3:45. The nominee was cheered by the postal clerks aboard the train.

Mr. Bryan said: "I am very glad to meet you, gentlemen. I only received notice of your coming a few moments ago, but I am glad to greet you as representatives of an occupation which requires so high an order of intelligence and so large a degree of fidelity. I meet you in an entirely unpartisan manner and accept your kind words in the spirit in which they were tendered."

Mr. Bryan was billed to address a meeting of the local Democracy at a flagpole raising, but on account of the inclemency of the weather the meeting was postponed.

Tin Plate Makers.

BUFFALO, Sept. 11.—About 20 manufacturers of tinware and tin plate have been in session at the Iroquois hotel for two days. They refused to say what they are conferring about.

Assignment In Nine Counties.

HOUSTON, Tex., Sept. 11.—Sam Allen, lumber dealer, has filed a deed of assignment in nine counties. Liabilities, $200,000; assets, in lands and mills, $700,000.

Slowly Starving to Death.

Stephen Douglass, aged 76, of Nanticoke, Pa., is slowly starving to death. Since the middle of April neither the entreaties of his friends nor the efforts of his physicians can induce him to take food. He says he has no desire for it. He takes only a sip of water occasionally.

Of late he has been unconscious nearly all the time, but despite this has resisted all efforts of the doctors to give him nourishment. He has wasted to a mere skeleton, and it is expected he will die very soon. The doctors are surprised that he has lived so long.

Goggin on the Chicago Police.

Judge James Goggin of the superior court, who is famous in Chicago for his hatred of the local police system, is writing a book on police methods.

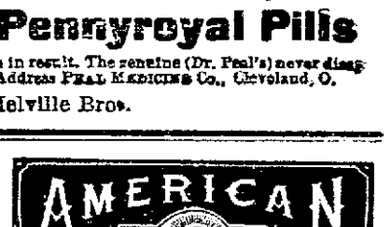
"When I have finished the book, I shall have no more to do but my duty as a superior court judge until my term expires," he says. "Then I will shake the smoke of Chicago from my head, the dust of Chicago from my feet, retire from public life, go to a little farm 100 miles from the city of New York and live in peace away from the criminal public and the criminal police.

Peculiar Lightning.

Lightning in the form of a six inch ball of fire passed momentarily before Mrs. E. L. Wetmore of Tucson, A. T., while she was sewing in her room during a storm, and then the ball exploded, and she was struck in the breast and rendered unconscious. Leaning against the wall, with the muzzle directly behind her shoulders, was a shotgun.

Knew Their Place.

An Irish judge tells the following story of one of the juries in the south of Ireland, where he was trying a case: The usher of the court proclaimed with due solemnity the usual formula, "Gentlemen of the jury, take your proper places in the court!" whereupon seven of them instinctively walked into the dock.—Boston Green Bag.



THE BEST WASH BLUE IN USE.

THE AMERICAN BALL BLUE

is not poisonous or injurious to health or fabrics. It is the delight of the laundress, aids in bleaching and gives the washing a rich and elegant hue. Beware of imitations. Ask your grocer for the

AMERICAN BALL BLUE

and be sure you get the genuine article, which has a red stripe in the middle of the package.

MONEY TO LOAN SILVER AND GOLD

If you want to borrow money on good security, don't fail to see me, as I can save you money. Be sure and see me.

T. K. WILKINS,
9-10 Opera Block, 2nd floor, Lima, Ohio.
d&fsem tf

WANTED—SALESMEN. We want one or two men in each county to take orders for nursery stock, and are willing to pay well for good work. We agree to replace free anything that dies from natural causes.

We also have a choice line of Seed Potatoes. Give us a trial.

THE HAWKS NURSERY CO.,
9 6 3m Rochester, N. Y.

NO. 54.

East Side Public Square. First-class Barber-shop. Ladies' and Children's Haircutting done to order. Special room for ladies' hair-dressing

A. G. LUTZ, Proprietor.

Plate Glass

WM. REID, LOCAL MANAGER.
PITTSBURGH PLATE GLASS CO.
Depot, 124 to 128 Larned St. W., DETROIT, MICH.
Do you know that PLATE GLASS will add 50 per cent to the appearance of your property, and only a trifle to its cost! No other one feature is so important. When in want of GLASS get our prices.

A Handsome Complexion is one of the greatest charms a woman can possess. POZZONI'S COMPLEXION POWDER gives it.

Concocting a Love Philter.

A Burman told Mr. Poole that he had been present at a somewhat similar ceremony. A love philter was wanted. The Burman and a conjurer, therefore, having collected some of the necessary ingredients, went to a tomb, where the conjurer described a circle round them on the ground. As in European magic, they were not to bridge out of this circle, for fear of consequences. The magician did his rites, and slowly, like a vapor, out of the earthy covering of the grave, rose the girl buried beneath, and sat on her tomb, her thick hair falling over and hiding her face. "Grind!" cried the magician, throwing to her a mortar, a pestle, and some of his unholy materials. And, the black hair hiding all but her horrible eyes, the dead woman ground!

Now all this while the native looker on was growing more and more nervous, and his condition affected the conjurer, who lost his head, and could not perform the converse rite and send the dead woman back into her sepulcher. Meanwhile she grew to a towering height, and so alarmed the onlooker that he broke the circle and fled, followed by the demoralized magician, with the dead woman at their heels. Luckily there was a house hard by, in which they found shelter, for ghosts, or at least this kind of ghost, cannot enter a house. Next night the magician, who had recovered his nerve, went back and laid the specter.—Andrew Lang in Longman's Magazine.

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The Lima Times-Democrat

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TELEPHONE CALL, No. 84.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G. CO

THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is published every evening (except Sunday) and will be delivered at your supper table each evening upon the following terms:

One copy one year, in advance.....$5.00
Six months, in advance.....2.55
By carrier, per week.....10 cents

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT has the largest circulation of any daily newspaper in northwestern Ohio, outside the larger cities. It reaches into every portion of Lima and goes into every postoffice in Allen county. THE LIMA TIMES-DEMOCRAT is recognized as the people's paper, and as such is the most popular newspaper in the city. It is read yb every one in Lima, and its rapidly increasing list attests its superiority over all competitors.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT—The Semi-Weekly edition issued by the TIMES-DEMOCRAT COMPANY, is without parallel in point of excellence. It contains 96 columns of choice literary, editorial, news and advertising matter of great interest to everyone in the county. This excellent newspaper is published for the small sum of

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Subscription collections made weekly. Our collector will call each week unless some special arrangement be made with him. All subscription accounts must be paid promptly.

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TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUB. CO.
LIMA, Ohio.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET.

NATIONAL.

For President,
WILLIAM J. BRYAN,
of Nebraska.

For Vice President,
ARTHUR SEWALL,
of Maine.

STATE.

Secretary of State,
CHILTON A. WHITE,
of Brown county.

Judge of Supreme Court,
E. J. BLANDIN,
of Cleveland.

Dairy and Food Commissioner,

Member Board of Public Works,
WILLIAM BEAUMONT,
of Licking.

For Presidential Electors at Large,
M. FECHHEIMER,
of Hamilton county.
T. E. POWELL,
of Franklin county.

DISTRICT.

For Member of Congress, 4th District,
GEORGE A. MARSHAL,
Shelby county.

For Presidential Elector,
MARTIN B. TRAINOR,
of Darke County.

JUDICIAL CIRCUIT.

For Judge of the Circuit Court,
CALEB H. NORRIS,
of Marion County.

COUNTY.

For Probate Judge,
THEODORE D. ROBB.

For Clerk of the Court,
U. M. SHAPPELL.

For County Auditor,
PHILIP WALTHER.

For Commissioner,
T. C. BURNS.

For County Recorder,
ABRAM HARROD.

For Prosecuting Attorney,
J. C. RIDENOUR.

For Infirmary Director,
ELI MECHLING.

M'KINLEY'S OBJECT LESSON.

When Wm. McKinley spoke at Winchester, Adams county, several years ago, he announced himself in favor of free coinage of silver, and in emphasizing his position, held up a silver dollar as an object lesson, saying: "This money is good enough for you and good enough for me. Why should it not be good enough for the bondholder?" Will he explain why he is to-day a gold bug, opposed to the workingman and his money—silver?

MR. ROCKEFELLER, who is one of largest contributors to the McKinley campaign fund, is a firm believer in the single standard—Standard Oil.

THE last official utterance of William McKinley on the money question was delivered on June 24, 1890, on the floor of the House of Representatives. He then used the following pointed language: "I am for the largest use of silver in the currency of the country. I would not dishonor it; I would give it equal credit and honor with gold. I would make no discrimination. I would utilize both metals as money and di-credit neither. I want the double standard. Now William is a confirmed gold monometallist, who wants silver banished at the command of Mark Hanna and others who hope to make fortunes out of the increase of the value of gold, and the wrecks in the business world which the single gold policy will produce.

A query for the workingman:—If free coinage will lower the price of labor, why is Mark Hanna so opposed to it? He has always cut down labor to the lowest possible figure; boasts of being a "labor crusher," and of having destroyed the Seaman's Union, of Cleveland. tf

IN 1892 the Republicans of Ohio cast 405,189 votes for president, the Democrats cast 404,115 and the Populists 14,859. Adding the Democratic and Populists vote and we have 418,965 or a majority of 14,778 over the Republicans. Now as the Democracy and Populists have effected a complete and satisfactory fusion in Ohio this year, it is easy for McKinley to figure out "where he is at." Bryan and Sewall will receive tens of thousands of Republican and Prohibition votes in this state which will swell their majority to immense proportions. We can and will carry the state, however, should the Republicans and Prohibitionists not give us a vote. But with their patriotic aid the cause of mankind will win an overwhelming victory.

In view of the nomination of a bolters' ticket at Indianapolis, it is interesting to notice the vote of the bolting Democratic ticket in 1872, in which the minority portion of the party put up a ticket headed by O'Connor, which received the following vote:

California	1,068	New Jersey	630
Connecticut	294	New York	1,454
Delaware	437	Ohio	1,163
Georgia	4,000	Oregon	572
Illinois	3,053	South Carolina	187
Indiana	1,417	Texas	2,580
Iowa	2,211	Vermont	593
Kansas	597	Virginia	42
Kentucky	2,374	West Virginia	660
Maryland	19	Wisconsin	834
Michigan	2,861		
Missouri	2,429	Total	29,489
New Hampshire	160		

This is fully as many votes as the Palmer-Buckner ticket will receive this year. McKinley's vote will probably equal that cast for Greeley, while the great bulk of the voters will cast their ballot for that staunch friend of the workingman, William J. Bryan.

The following from the *New York Times* is a very precise review of the Indianapolic convention and its work:

The rump convention of the Democratic bolters, conceived in anger and born in treason, has been consummated in folly. It has nominated on a gold platform two venerable men whose advanced years should entitle them to spend the few years that time may have in store for them in the quietude of their own rooftrees, relating to their cronies and grandchildren the experience of their boyhood and the adventures of their youth instead of breasting the turmoil of a rancorous political campaign.

The mental condition of the nominees of the convention of nationa bolters just adjourned is in that mellow state which presages the approach of second childhood. This has made them ductile instruments in the hands of designing tools of Wall street and truculent corporations' servants, who constituted a majority of the Indianapolis gathering.

The attitude in which the nominations on the bolters' ticket places Senator Palmer before the country is entirely consistent with the inconsistencies of his political career. He has been on almost every side of every public question that has been up for discussion in the politics of the country since he was of voting age.

As for Buckner, the vice-presidential nominee, he is an eminently respectable old gentleman, whose achievements in both military and civic life are not so conspicuous.

These two old gentlemen have been used by the marpots who nominated them as decoy ducks to draw the Democratic vote away from Bryan in the two states without which McKinley is doomed to inevitable defeat. The scheme will fail.

GENERAL LOGAN'S PROPHECY.

Extract from speech in the Senate on withdrawal of treasury notes:

"I, for one, can see benefit only to the money holders and those who receive interest and have fixed incomes. I can see, as a result of this legislation, our business operations crippled and wages for labor reduced to a mere pittance. I can see the beautiful prairies of my own State and of the great west, which are blooming as gardens, with cheerful homes rising like white towers along the pathway of improvement, again sinking back to idleness. I can see mortgage fiends at their hellish work. I can see the hopes of the industrious farmers blasted as they burn corn for fuel because its price will not pay the cost of transportation and dividends on millions of dollars of fictitious railway stocks and bonds. I can see our people of the west groaning and burdened under taxation to pay debts of states, counties and cities incurred when money was more abundant and bright hopes of the future were held out to lead them. I can see the people of our western states who are producers reduced to the condition of serfs to pay interest on public and private debts to the money sharks of Wall street, New York, and of Threadneedle street in London, England.

A MISFIT.

The gold standard newspapers are very clamorously laying cown the following contradictory statements: First, that if free coinage is established the owners of silver mines can take fifty-four cents worth of silver bullion to the mints and get a dollar for it; and that the profits thus made will amount to one hundred and forty-nine millions of dollars. Second, that if free coinage is established fifty-four cents worth of bullion can be taken to the mints and exchanged for a dollar, but that the dollar will only be worth fifty cents.

These two propositions taken together constitute as rational an argument as any gold bug editor has thus far been able to present. If free coinage will only produce a fifty cent dollar in exchange for fifty-four cents worth of bullion, where is the mine owner's profit?

The fact is that the rise and fall in price of all commodities have always steadily followed the rise and fall in the price of silver bullion.

Free silver coinage would therefore increase the price of all other property, except gold, proportionately with the increase in the price of silver bullion. This was illustrated in 1878 and 1890. The silver legislation in those years sent wheat up as high as it did silver bullion. But free coinage would bring down the fictitious value of gold, and make it worth only one hundred cents on the dollar. The work of the two metals would not longer be performed by one.

The present conditions may be illustrated thus: A teamster hauls his load up the hill easily with two horses, but if he takes one horse out of the traces and puts him in the wagon, the other horse would have a hard time drawing the wagon, the load and the horse up the hill If Mr. Bryan is elected, a free silver coinage Congress will also be elected and will again hitch up the silver horse with the gold horse, and then the load will be easily moved.—*Plain Dealer.*

Some of the ministers attending conference were to-day taking strong exceptions to a statement which appeared in the Cincinnati *Times Star.* The article stated that the conference had been polled and every member was in favor of the single gold standard and against the free coinage of silver This the ministers declare is most emphatically untrue and an exaggeration of the truth both in the number present and the political sentiments. The ministers are generally in favor of more money. They are not weighted down with the amount of silver they are asked to carry. The article stated there are three hundred members of the conference, but the official record shows 180 only.—*Piqua Leader.*

CAMPAIGN OF EPITHET.

But It Comes to Pass That the Hard Names All Come From the Gold Side.

It has come to pass that in this campaign shrewd and conscienceless journals and politicians have distorted into sedition every manly utterance of the real champions of the people. If it be said that wealth should bear its fair share of the cost of government, they cry "Treason!" If demand be made for such regulative legislation that the corrupt bargains with railroad officials which created the Standard Oil trust shall not be paralleled, they cry "Socialism!" If we ask that great bankers be estopped from depleting the treasury and multiplying the burdens of taxation—little of which they bear—by cornering gold, the parrot cry is "Anarchy!" And when we insist that the debtor shall not be compelled to pay back his debt in money twice as valuable as that he borrowed the frantic shout of all who profit by this spoliation is "Repudiation!"

Are there not two sides to this campaign of epithet? Even those who have flocked to the banner of McKinley admit their opponents to be nearly if not quite their equal in numbers. What is to be said of the patriotism of men who hold half the citizens of the United States to be revolutionists, robbers and anarchists? What is to be thought of the intelligence of a class which, asserting its possession of all real knowledge on public issues, meets every argument in opposition with intemperate abuse? And what of the wisdom of those who worship wealth, however got and however employed, as something nobler than manhood, more worthy than patriotism?

That classes should develop in a nation of great population and of growing wealth is inevitable. That this election should haave taken on the appearance of a struggle of class against class, of the poor against the rich, is due to the folly of the spokesmen of plutocracy in denying any sincerity, any patriotism, to those who attack unjust methods of money getting and methods of money using dangerous to the well being of the commonwealth and its people.—New York Journal.

In the Interest of Economy.

The election of Mr. McKinley might in one sense be economy. Congress could be dismissed and we could get our laws from the British parliament direct.

JEFFERSON ON THE JUDICIARY.

Judges Not Arbiters of Constitutional Questions.

PEOPLE THE ULTIMATE POWER.

The Single Tribunal Idea Is a Very Dangerous Doctrine and One Which Would Place Us Under the Despotism of an Oligarchy—Judges Are as Honest as Other Men and Not More So.

If there is one plank in the Chicago platform which the Republican newspapers of the country have more frequently misconstrued than another, and against which much of their venomous criticism has been directed, it is the one which relates to federal interference in local affairs, or more especially to what is termed in the platform as "government by injunction."

No sooner had the platform received the adoption of the Chicago convention than the cry was raised by Republican newspapers in all parts of the country that the plank in question was a deliberate fling at the supreme court. It was even charged by some of these zealous guardians of the nation that the Democratic party, in adopting the income tax plank, was aiming at a radical change in the organization of that tribunal.

It is needless to say that such ridiculous charges as these were inspired by the demon of rank political hatred rather than a patriotic solicitude for the welfare of the nation. No man of any intelligence whose familiarity with the course of judicial proceedings in this country for the last few years is of such a character as to enable him to judge properly of what the language means can possibly see anything offensive in the plank.

That the Democratic party had a right to enter its protest against arbitrary interference by federal authorities is upheld not only by the spirit of the constitution, but also by the express language of Thomas Jefferson himself.

The Sanford (Fla.) Chronicle publishes a letter dated Sept. 20, 1821, and addressed to William C. Jarvis, at that time editor of the Boston Republican, in which Mr. Jefferson makes use of the following terse and explicit language:

"You seem to consider the judges as the ultimate arbiters of all constitutional questions, a very dangerous doctrine, indeed, and one which would place us under the despotism of an oligarchy. Our judges are as honest as other men and not more so. They have, with others, the same passions for party, for power and the privileges of their corps. Their maxim is, 'Boni judicis est ampliare jurisdictionem,' and their power the more dangerous, as they are in office for life and not responsible, as the other functionaries are, to the elective control. The constitution has erected no such single tribunal, knowing that to whatever hands confided, with the corruptions of time and party, its members would become despots. It has more wisely made all the departments coequal and cosovereign within themselves. If the legislature fails to pass laws for a census, for paying the judges and other officers of government, for establishing a militia, for naturalization, as prescribed by the constitution, or if they fail to meet in congress, the judges cannot issue their mandates to them."

Nothing could possibly be more direct than the language in which Mr. Jefferson addresses himself to this important proposition. Surely if the founder of the Democratic party could so express himself in regard to an evil which at that time was only threatened or apprehended the party itself can enter its protest based upon similar views when the evil which Mr. Jefferson plainly foresaw has already actually occurred. That a time would come when there would inevitably be a clash between the legislative, judicial and executive functions of the government, or rather a time when each of these functions would, to a certain extent, be concentrated in one, and that the judicial, Mr. Jefferson discerned with that farseeing statesmanship which made him one of the greatest men of his day.

Instead of being un-Democratic, therefore, the plank of the Chicago platform which has been the subject of greater abuse, perhaps, than any other, is directly in accord with the expressed views of Mr. Jefferson himself.

To quote again the words of the great Democrat:

"I know no safe depository of the ultimate powers of society but the people themselves, and if we think them not enlightened enough to exercise their control with a wholesome discretion, the remedy is not to take it from them, but to inform their discretion by education."

If the people themselves have not the right to enter their protest against the evils of the judiciary, from what quarter can such a protest come?

In the clear light which the great founder of the party throws upon the Chicago platform, and especially the plank in question, no one can truthfully bring the charge that the platform is not a plain and outspoken expression of genuine Democracy.—Atlanta Constitution.

The act of 1873 dropped the silver dollar from the standard coinage of the country, and whether this act be considered a crime or not there is no doubt of its farreaching and disastrous consequences.

For Value Received.

The subsidized newspapers are evidently of the opinion that they are not earning their money unless they announce once a week that the silver movement is declining. We trust they will keep up these announcements to the bitter end.—Exchange.

BUY YOUR SHOES

AT THE

ASSIGNEE SALE

OF THE

OWEN FRANCIS STOCK,

This great sale is still going on. Now is a good time to get school shoes. What you save on the price of one pair will go a great way towards buying another pair.

Remember, that this stock must be turned into money in a short time.

W. L. MACKENZIE,

ASSIGNEE.

APPEAL FOR ARMENIA.

Two Organizations Differ as to the Character of Help Needed.

The Armenian Relief association has issued a long appeal to the business men of America, asking them to help in forming a rescue fund of $1,000,000 to help the Armenians. Their plan of campaign is to try to improve the condition of Armenian Christians through political channels, and, failing that, to supply them with funds to enable them to emigrate.

The other association which interests itself in the cause of these subjects of the sultan, the national Armenian relief committee, feels that this is a mistake, that no good can be done by these methods, and that the plan of asking the United States government to interfere in behalf of the Armenians which is advocated by J. Bleecker Miller, chairman of the executive committee of the Armenian Relief association, is not wise.

Although anxious to raise funds for their relief, the members of the national committee of the woman's branch, of which Miss Wilhelmina L. Armstrong is corresponding secretary, think that help should come in another form. They have found that immediate relief is most needed for food, clothes and medical attendance. In their rescue work in Turkey they find that more money is needed for actual present necessities than for any farreaching attempts. Miss Armstrong feels strongly that the centuries of oppression and fighting for principle and to be true to their faith have taught the Christian Armenians courage and energy, and she says that she is quite sure they would be ready to help and defend themselves if they were merely given the means.

TO BREATHE FOR US NEXT.

Here's a Company That Will Do Almost Anything For You.

Articles of incorporation of the United States Guide and Information company have been filed with the secretary of state of New Jersey, in Trenton. The authorized capital stock is $1,000,000. The incorporators include some of the best known men of New Jersey, among them being State Treasurer George B. Swain and Comptroller W. S. Hancock.

The company has issued an elaborate prospectus of its plans. The objects are to furnish the public with an authorized corps of guides, under bond, for a certain fixed rate of compensation, with guarantee for the faithful performance of their duty; to solicit passengers for steamboats, steamships and railroads and guests for hotels and boarding houses; to furnish the public all kinds of information and advice; to sell tickets for all steamship and railroad lines, parlor cars, trolley and elevated roads and for theaters, concerts, lectures and all public entertainments; to act as agent for express and freight companies, and between such companies and the public; to investigate all branches of business and report as to their reliability and responsibility; to place advertisements in the United States and in foreign countries; to employ attorneys, managers and agents for those needing them, and to purchase materials, supplies and machinery of every description. The guides are to be uniformed and stationed at railroad depots, steamship landings and in prominent hotels.

PEARY HEARD FROM.

Professor Tarr Writes Home From the Steamship Hope.

The first direct news from the Peary arctic expedition received in Gloucester, Mass., came the other evening in a long letter to Mrs. Tarr, wife of Professor Ralph S. Tarr of the Cornell scientific party which is with Lieutenant Peary on the steamer Hope, which sailed July 16 from Sydney, C. B.

While the letter was written on board the steamer at sea, July 17, 18 and 19, it bears the postmark of northern Labrador, Aug. 15. Professor Tarr says July 17 they were west of Boone bay, 200 miles on their way, with fine weather and smooth sea.

The 18th they were passing through Belle isle in the midst of wonderful scenery, where the rugged, high hills were all covered with snow. July 19 they had reached Turnavik island, latitude 55.30, which was about half way up the coast of Labrador, where the letter was given a fisherman to put on board the mail steamer for Newfoundland.

All hands were well and the outlook most encouraging.

Russia Buys Our Machinery.

The Russian government has been negotiating for some time with the Delaware Iron company, in Newcastle, Del., to secure a vast amount of its machinery, and the bargain has been completed on satisfactory terms to both parties. The contract means the delivery of all the material of the tube and pipe mill connected with the iron company's big plant and also involves the sending to Russia of a large force of workmen, who will put the machinery together and start it in good running order.

That Oldest Man Again.

The old time colored man a century or two old has bobbed up again. This time it is Richard Reddick, said to be born in 1777. This makes the gentleman 119 years old. He was interviewed in 27 Federal street by an afternoon paper reporter, who coaxed him through the usual "I saw George Washington" and "When I was a slave" formula. The reporter conscientiously adds that he "breathed heavily" during the interview.—Pittsburg Dispatch.

The reports sent out by the telegraph associations concerning the Vermont election are misleading. The facts are that in the election for governor in 1894 the Democratic candidate, Smith, received 14,142 votes, and this year Jackson received 14,905, a Democratic gain, by the only fair comparison that can be made, of 763 votes.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

The A Complete Line Of Fall And Winter Goods At The

WAUGH SHOE STORE

31 PUBLIC SQ., LIMA, O.

DON'T MAKE A MISTAKE AND GET LEFT.

A RECORD BREAKER

Was the Attendance at the Fair Grounds Yesterday.

FULLY EIGHT THOUSAND

People Were on the Grounds Yesterday Afternoon—The Races—Election of Directors this Afternoon—The Last Day.

The attendance at the Allen County fair yesterday was a record breaker. Never before in the history of Allen county fairs has there been so many people in attendance at one time as were yesterday afternoon.

The art hall the agricultural produce building, the side shows the grand stand and the grounds were literally packed with people. The Allen county people were there by the thousands, and the surrounding counties were represented by the hundreds. The excursion over the Lima Northern brought several hundred, and large parties were present from Wapakoneta, Cridersville, Allentown, Elida, Delphos, Ada and other neighboring towns.

As soon as it was time for the track events in the afternoon the grand stand became packed and spectators were lined up outside the entrance from the grand stand to the lower turn and still hundreds were unable to get even a glimpse of the races.

The following is a summary of the track events:

2:35 class pace—purse $150. First heat—Harry W, first; Juanta, second; Tenna M, third; Little Maud, fourth. Time 2:25¼.

Second heat—Juanta, first: Little Maud, second: Tenna M, third: Harry W, distanced. Time 2:27¼.

Third heat—Juanta, first; Tenna M, second; Little Maud, third. Time 2:26¾.

Fourth heat—Little Maud, first, Tenna M, second; Juanto, third. Time 2:29¼.

Fifth heat, and the race was won by Juanta, with Little Maud second and Tenna M third. Time for last heat, 2:23.

2:24 trot, pure $200, first heat—Red Flame, first; Duke of Kent, second; Vashta, third: Dainty Bell, fourth: Maud W. fifth: Thayermont last Time, 2:23¼.

Second—Red Flame, first: Vashta, second; Dainty, third; Thayermont, fourth. Time, 2:19¼.

Third and final heat—Red Flame, first: Thayermont, second; Dainty Bell, third; Vashta, fourth. Time, 2:23. First money won by Red Flame, second, by Vashta, third by Thayermont and fourth by Dainty Bell.

One mile running race for purse of $100:

First heat—Check Roll, first: Tad Pole, second: Volume, third; Panhandle, fourth. Time, 1:51.

The second heat was decisive because the finish was precisely the same as in the first head, Check Roll winning first money, Tad Pole second and Volume third. Time for second heat, 1:52.

The novelty race, given by the Mammoth clothing house, was as amusing as ever. The contestants placed their sulkies and harness on the track and led their horses fifty feet ahead of them. Then at a signal from Starter Thomas Calvert they hurried to their respective vehicles and started as soon as they could hitch up the animals. First they walked the horses a half, then allowed them to trot a half and finished by running a half. There were eight horses started. Dr. Tom, owned by L. M. Bassett, of Beaver Dam, won first money. Old Fred, owned by John King, Columbus Grove, won second. Bay Mollie, owned by Wm. Buck, of this city, was third, and Jimmie S, owned by L. R. Sweet, of this city, took fourth.

Other interesting track events were furnished by the Rettig combination and the programme for to-day was a good one.

To-day was the last day of the '96 fair and the election of seven directors was announced to be held a 2 o'clock this afternoon. The weather has been beautiful and the fair a thorough success.

SURPRISED

Was Mrs. Thomas Carroll by Her Many Friends—An Enjoyable Affair.

Yesterday was the thirty-sixth birthday of Mrs Thomas Carroll of No. 610 north Elizabeth street, in honor of which occasion a small party of her many friends last evening surprised her. Mrs. Carroll was the recipient of many appreciated presents. The party was entertained with euchre and pedro, after which ice cream and cake were served. Those who comprised the party were:

Messrs. and Mesdames Patton, Orchard, Quinn, Fry, Webber, Roof, Reble and Miss Koch.

Rev. Mark Minser, a Dunkard minister of Deckers Point, Pa., says he can recommend Chamberlain's Pain Balm to anyone in need of a good liniment and that he considers it the best he has ever used. Pain Balm is especially valuable for rheumatism, lame back, sprains, swellings, cuts, bruises, burns and scalds. It is one of the most remarkable medicines in existence, and its effects will both surprise and delight you. For sale at 25 and 50 cents per bottle by Melville, the druggist, old postoffice corner; O. W. Heister, 58 public square.

Stella Rebekahs.

The members of Stella Rebekah Lodge will meet in lodge rooms Friday night, Sept. 11th, to make arrangements for attending Sister Wolf's funeral.

The members of Stella Lodge will meet at lodge room Saturday morning at 9 o'clock to attend Sister Wolf's funeral. Golden Gate and Shawnee members are invited.

EMMA VAN HORN, N. G.

Sure to Win.

The people recognize and appreciate real merit. That is why Hood's Sarsaparilla has the largest sales in the world. Merit in medicine means the power to cure. Hood's Sarsaparilla cures—absolutely, permanently cures. It is the One True Blood Purifier. Its superior merit is an established fact, and merit wins.

Hood's Pills are easy to take, easy to operate. Cure indigestion, head ache.

LADIES' AUXILIARY

Of Catholic Knights of Ohio Organized in this City—State Officers Elected.

A Ladies' Auxiliary of the C., K. of O., to be known as the Catholic Ladies of Ohio, was organized at the Lima House Wednesday, Sept. 9th, immediately after the adjournment of the C. K. of O. convention.

The following ladies were elected as officers: State President, Mrs. Catherine Dunser, of Hamilton, O; State Secretary, Mrs Margaret Lawless, of Toledo; State Trustees, Mrs Anna Shuster, of Cincinnati; Miss Mary Varelman, of Hamilton, and Mrs. Elizabeth Matchett, of Lima.

The charter is now open and all ladies wishing to join may address either of the above mentioned ladies.

DISEASES OF THE SKIN.

The intense itching and smarting incident to eczema, tetter, salt-rheum, and other diseases of the skin is instantly allayed by applying Chamberlain's Eye and Skin Ointment. Many very bad cases have been permanently cured by it. It is equally efficient for itching piles and a favorite remedy for sore nipples; chapped hands, chilblains, frost bites, and chronic sore eyes. For sale by druggists at 25 cents per box.

Try Dr. Cady's Condition Powders, they are just what a horse needs when in bad condition. Tonic, blood purifier and vermifuge.

Attention, Democrats.

The Allen county Democratic Club will meet at the Assembly room Friday evening, Sept. 11, at 7:30 o'clock. Important business to be transacted. Will you come? John H Klatte will deliver an address on free silver, and everybody is cordially invited to come and hear him.

3 2t CHAS. ADKINS, Sec.

Do not fail to come to the meeting of the Bimetallic League at the assembly room of the court house, Monday evening; and hear the Hon. John Begg on the "Silver Question." Mr. Begg has quite a reputation as a speaker. 4 3t

IF YOU CAN USE A PAIR OF

TANSHOES

Don't Waste Time, But Go To

AVERY'S.

Prices · Out · of · Sight.

35 North Main Street

Separate Skirts.

We have just received a line of Ladies' Skirts, ranging in prices from $3 25 to $9.50. We consider them excellent values.

CARROLL & COONEY.

To Explore Mexican Ruins.

The Mexican government has authorized the thorough exploration of the ruins of Mitla, situated south of Puebla. These ruins are a mystery to archæologists, and their exploration is expected to bring to light many interesting facts in regard to the early history of that country.

Gold has been the prize of the man who hoards money. Silver has been the medium of exchange among those upon whom the greatness of every nation has rested.

Humble Pie.

The term humble pie originally carried no opprobrium with it. It was a pie made out of the "humbles" or "numbles," from the Norman French "nombrils"—i. e., the entrails of a deer. To this day it is highly esteemed in Scotland and in northern parts of England. So late as the time of Pepys, "umble pie" was served as part of the menu of a gentleman's table on an extraordinary occasion. Some writers derive the contumelious use of the phrase "to eat humble pie" from an alleged custom of serving umble pie below the salt, or at the second table. But this is not supported by authority. It more probably came into use simply through the similarity of sound, there being no similarity of meaning whatever between the noun umbles or numbles and the adjective humble.—New York Herald.

. . THE . .

MAMMOTH.

FALL AND WINTER,

- 1896. -

We never opened such a stock of fall and winter Outfittings for Men and Boys, as we now ask you to select from. We open the Fall Campaign of 1896, armed Cap-a-pie with the choicest creations of Two Worlds. None can withstand the silent eloquence of our styles and prices, a good second is not in sight, competition is out of the question. We stand absolutely ALONE as leaders of fashions and pioneers of popular prices. Our position is at once unique and picturesque. We protect the people from extortions of the unscrupulous while providing them with the world's best in the various lines. We carry Men's and Boys' Clothes, Hats and Furnishings---the people's praise is our reward, we value it above all things earthly. We have labored for it this season more than ever.

FOR MEN

We have prepared a feast of fashion that will satisfy without surfeiting. Fall and Winter Overcoats $5, 8, 10, 12 and $15. Meltons, Kerseys, Worsteds, Cheviots and Chinchilla Suits in about the same ratio. Cheviots, Unfinished Worsteds, Fancy Scotch Plaids, Clay Worsteds, single and double breasted, three and four button Cutaways, in the most stunning weaves, built under OUR supervision for young men.

FURNISHINGS AND HEADGEAR.

The best in the city at prices 25 per cent. lower than we were ever before ABLE to name for such qualities, but the more we sell the cheaper we can sell, and we are doing the business of northwestern Ohio.

THE - MAMMOTH,

OUTFITTERS OF THE MASSES.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

THE DOG CEMETERY.

A SEXTON RELATES SOME CURIOUS FACTS CONCERNING IT.

Costly Monuments Erected Over Dead Pups by Their Sentimental Owners—Poetical Epitaphs and Biblical Texts Setting Forth the Virtues of the Departed.

Toilet clubs are not the only luxury that dogs enjoy in common with mankind; they are pampered also with cemeteries.

On the northwestern outskirts of London, in a fine old country mansion, surrounded by extensive grounds, lives and labors one of the wealthiest and most fashionable of veterinary surgeons, who numbers among his customers various members of the royal family, many persons of title and distinguished leaders of society—in fact, his prices are so handsome that ordinary middle class mortals cannot afford to avail themselves of his services.

He is a dog specialist, leaving all the remainder of the animal kingdom in the hands of other practitioners, and the fact that he has made a very comfortable fortune justifies him in his exclusiveness. And not only will he tend the canine species when they are ailing, but he is prepared to bury them when they die and to bury them, moreover, with the most gratifying pageantry and decorum.

The cemetery reserved for this purpose is in a corner of a field on his estate; but, being inclosed by a wall and planted about with trees, nothing of the interior is visible either from his own windows or from any point of the surrounding country, so that few, if any, of the neighbors are aware that such a place of sepulcher exists in the midst of them.

"Some of the dawgs buried here," said an attendant, showing the favored inquirer round, "died while we had 'em under treatment in horspital, as you may say, but many of 'em died in their own homes and was brought as much as six and seven miles to their funeral."

The headstones and monuments in this singular cemetery are as large and often as costly as any placed above the average human body, and the epitaphs on them are not infrequently quite as eulogistic.

"This one here," observed the attendant, pointing out a particularly neat and well kept grave with a red marble obelisk at the head of it, "is where two pug dawgs were buried. They belonged to an old lady who brought 'em over with her from Paris. She had 'em for several years, and we were always being called in to doctor 'em, though they were always suffering from nothing but overfeeding. At last one day they were both taken ill together—they'd eaten something as wasn't good for 'em—and they died. She was dreadful cut up about it—she couldn't have been more so if they'd been children—and she had 'em buried here in two as neat little airtight coffins as ever you see. She comes every now and then on a visit, and she pays our gardener 25 shillings a year extra specially to water the flowers she planted on the grave and keep it all tidy.

"Now, here we have what you may call a family vault, which belongs to a nobleman, as you see for yourself on the tablet over the doorway. It's deep and lined with bricks, and you go down into it by a flight of steps. There's six dawgs down on the shelves already in lead lined coffins. If you look through the grating in the door, you'll see the names and ages on the stone that covers the opening. His lordship's uncommon fond of his dawgs, and whenever a fresh one dies it's brought up here and the vault's opened for it. We've another vault like this, which we'll come to presently, only it belongs to a lady.

"Oh, yes; I think I may say every dawg is buried in a box of some sort and a fair proportion of 'em in proper coffins, brass mounted and everything. You'd hardly believe how some of the owners will cry at the funeral. It's mostly ladies that bury their pets here, of course. As a rule, they've got more sentiment about this sort of thing than men have. Nearly all of 'em come regular for the first few weeks with wreaths and bunches of flowers, but the majority of 'em begin to drop that after a month or two. Though there's a dawg buried yonder—see that flat stone with a railing round it?—the old lady has come on the anniversary of his death every year since I've been here, and that's nigh eight years now, and she seems as sorry about him still as if he'd been a Christian like me and you."

Another remarkable feature of this cemetery is that, besides the names and ages of the dogs interred and in many instances flattering records of their virtues, some of the tombstones are inscribed with poetical quotations and, incredible as it may sound, even with Biblical texts.—London Tit-Bits.

Street Railways In Philadelphia.

By the street railway statement it appears that there are within the city limits 316½ miles of streets now occupied by passenger railways and 118¾ miles on which street car privileges have been granted, but not yet used. The latter item is somewhat surprising information for people who have been under the impression that the city already had about all the street car lines it had use for. There are, however, some long lines, especially in the suburbs, for which councils granted privileges many months ago, some of them under the representation that the projectors were in great haste to build, but on which not a stroke of work has yet been done.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Death.

Fear death, but be not afraid of death. To fear it whets thy expectation. If thou canst endure it, it is but a slight pain; if not, it is but a short pain. To fear death is the way to live long; to be afraid of death is to be long a-dying.—Exchange.

MAMMA'S PANSIES.

"Three farthings a bunch!"
Folk cried the pansies so
Three hundred years ago,
Of course she understood.

Then, perching on my knee,
She drew her mother's head
To her own and mine and said,
"That's mother, you and me!"

And so it comes about
We three, for gladness' sake,
Sometimes a pansy make
Before the gas goes out.
—William Canton in Sunday Magazine.

HIS TELEPATHIC TIP.

"Telegram for you, sir."

It was the morning of the Derby day, and I had just looked into the office before starting for Epsom. I was at the time on the staff of The Sporting Courier, and, besides giving what is known in the sporting world as "midday finals," I usually "did" the home meetings.

The message surprised me, for it ran:

"Don Pero is bound to win.—Dixey."

I read it again and again. Don Pero was a rank outsider and had been looked upon by everybody as not having the slightest chance of a place. For confirmation one had only to look at the "latest London betting" to find that the horse stood at 50 to 1.

Yet Dixey, the trainer, had never before misled me, and I could not help feeling that there must be something in it.

I had previously decided that I would give as my final selections the first and second favorites and a good outsider for third place. But this telegram upset all my calculations, and yet I felt that I could not altogether ignore it.

I sat down at my desk and wrote out my copy. It ran as follows:

"There is no denying the fact that the favorite is in excellent condition, but I think that he will be beaten by a horse whose qualifications have hitherto been completely overlooked. I have no hesitation in placing the first three horses in this order: (1) Don Pero, (2) Windemere, (3) Nervine."

I was just thinking about starting when the chief sent for me.

"What does this mean, Mr. Goodman?" he said, as I entered the room. "This" evidently referred to my MS., which he held in his hand.

"Are you referring to my Derby tip, sir?" I asked.

"But it's a 50 to 1 chance!"

"I can't help that," I replied, rather haughtily perhaps, "but I am assured that he is bound to win."

"Assured! By whom, pray?"

"Pardon me," I answered, "but my information is obtained from a strictly private source. I'll alter the wording of the paragraph, if you like, but I should prefer that it goes in as it is."

"I have no wish to interfere in your department," replied the chief. "Let it stand, if you are sweet upon it. If it comes off, it will be all right. If not, well, we shall be the laughing stock of everybody, from the Jockey club down to the youngest Newmarket tout."

I did not think that it was worth while having an argument about the matter, so took an opportunity of closing the interview and took a cab to Waterloo. When I reached the course, I made the best of my way to the paddock in the hope of seeing Dixey and having a talk with him before racing began, but he was nowhere to be seen.

I soon found that some of my colleagues wanted to have a chat with me, for The Sporting Courier, with my final in, had created quite a sensation.

Jimmy Berners of The Starter was very forcible in his language and said some nasty things about my inability to provide the racing world with information that was of any value.

In my anxiety I endeavored again to find Dixey, for I felt that he must know something that was not common knowledge.

Though I looked everywhere for him, I could not see him. He was evidently keeping himself out of the way.

Then the horrible thought rushed through my mind that the telegram was a hoax, and I felt a cold perspiration break out all over me. As a matter of fact I did not care a brass farthing which horse won, for I make a rule never to bet, but I knew that my reputation as a tipster was at stake.

It was in no particularly happy frame of mind that I made my way to the press box.

My entrance gave the cue for a burst of hilarity, and my reception was exceedingly warm. They chaffed me unmercifully about my unfortunate tip, but I took it all in good part, while inwardly vowing that I would fire off some of my suppressed anger upon Dixey if his precocious outsider finished where everybody expected him to finish—last.

There is no need for me to enter into any lengthy description of the event, but it is just necessary to mention one or two facts about the most sensational Derby on record, and one that will never be forgotten by those who had the good fortune to witness it.

I nervously looked around for Don Pero. Yes, he was there all right, but what an ill favored looking animal compared with the others! His jockey, too, was merely a stable lad, but I thought that I detected a gleam of confidence in his eye and a look of fixed determination upon his boyish face.

"Now they're off," is the cry. No, it is a false start. The favorite has broken away. His supporters standing around me are quivering with excitement, and many of them give vent to audible groans.

The horses face the starter once more, and in another minute we see the white flag fall and know that they have been dispatched on their fateful journey.

In the first part of the race they seem to be all together, but as they near Tattenham corner the favorite begins to steal ahead. I look for Don Pero—he is nearly last. The corner is turned with Windermere well in front.

"The favorite wins!" "The favorite romps home!" is the cry on all hands.

But what is that steadily creeping up on the outside? As I live it is Don Pero! Don Pero will not be shaken off, and he gradually bears the leader down, down, as they near home.

It is doubtful to tell from where we are standing which horse has won, but it appears to be the favorite, although Don Pero was extremely close up. At length the numbers appear on the telegraph board: 16—24—4.

I could hardly believe my eyes. Sixteen is Don Pero's number, 24 Windermere's and 4 that of another outsider.

There was a deadly silence all around. No enthusiasm, no shouting, no jubilation of any kind. Blank despair is plainly written on the majority of faces near me. Then one of my colleagues turned to me:

"What does it mean, Goody? You are evidently in the know."

"It means," I said, determined to have my revenge upon them, "that if you want to get a correct tip you must come to me," and with that parting shot I hastened to the paddock, where I saw Dixey surrounded by a crowd of inquiring sportsmen.

"Thanks very much for the wire, old man," I said in the course of the conversation.

"Wire?" he replied, with a look of surprise on his face. "What wire?"

"Why, you wired me that your horse would win?"

"What on earth are you talking about, Goody? I never wired to you."

"Well, I've got the wire here," I said as I felt in my pocket for it. But it was not there. I searched each pocket, but in vain. I must have left it at the office. Dixey began to laugh.

"How do you think I should have tipped such an outsider if I had not heard from you?" I asked him, almost angrily.

"Hush! Not so loud," said Dixey, looking round in a half frightened manner. "You fancy I wired to you. Quite a mistake, I assure you. I intended to do so, but I thought that it would be no good. That's all, Goody, really."

I saw it all. Dixey had sent the telegram and didn't want anybody to know that he had done so. All right. I would keep his secret.

When I returned to town, I went straight to the office. I looked everywhere, but could find no trace of the telegram.

I rang for Simmons. As he entered I said:

"Simmons, have you seen the telegram that you brought me this morning?"

"Telegram, sir? I never brought you a telegram."

I could hardly believe my ears. There was a mistake somewhere. But I gave it up as a bad job and went off to the club. Everybody there was most enthusiastic and congratulatory. After we had settled down in the smoking room I told the boys the whole story.

They were rather incredulous at first, until Jimmy Berners burst out, "I tell you what it is, Goody, old chap, it's a clear case of telepathy."

"But I had the telegram," I said.

"You fancied you did," was his reply. "That's part of the business. You were thinking of Dixey. Dixey was thinking of you. Dixey thought he would send you a wire. You thought you received it. That's all."

And that is the true story of how I received my "telepathic tip."—Exchange.

"Auld Robin Gray."

Lady Anne Barnard wrote "Auld Robin Gray" when she was 21. It was published anonymously in 1776, and various persons claimed the authorship. Lady Anne did not acknowledge it was her own until two years before her death, when she wrote to Sir Walter Scott and confided the history of the ballad to him. It appears that the gifted lady was induced to write the song by a desire to see an old Scottish air, "The Bridegroom Grat When the Sun Gaed Doon," fitted with words more suitable than the ribaldry which, for want of better, had been sung to it. The name of "Auld Robin Gray" was taken from an ancient herd of Balcarres. Lady Anne was a daughter of James Lindsay, fifth earl of Balcarres. She married Andrew Barnard, son of Thomas, bishop of Limerick, and they went out to the Cape, where he died in 1807. Lady Anne returned to London and lived with her sister in Berkeley square until 1812. The sister's house was a literary center and was frequented by Burke, Sheridan, Windham, Douglas and the Prince of Wales, who were all habitual visitors.

Lady Anne won the lifelong attachment of the prince regent. She died in 1825, in her seventy-fourth year. No one has ever questioned Lady Anne Barnard's claim to the authorship of the words of "Auld Robin Gray," and, though I am not going to cast doubt upon the word of the writer at this late day, it is necessary to mention that prior not only to the appearance but to the writing of the world famous song there was a French ballad extant containing the gist of the story and the plot, by Paradis de Moncrif, entitled "Les Constantes Amours d'Alix et d'Alexis."—S. J. Adair Fitz Gerald in Lloyd's.

Opinions and Their Truth.

There is the greatest difference between presuming an opinion to be true, because with every opportunity for contesting it it has not been refuted, and assuming its truth for the purpose of not permitting its refutation. Complete liberty of contradicting and disproving our opinion is the very condition which justifies us in assuming its truth for purposes of action, and on no other terms can a being with human faculties have any rational assurance of being right.—J. S. Mill.

Pat Was Astonished.

An Irishman was run over by a troop of horse and miraculously escaped unhurt. "Down upon your knees and thank God, you reprobate," said one of the spectators. "Thank God for what? Is it for letting a troop horse run over me?" asked Pat.—London Spectator.

MOSQUITOES.

Places Where the Annoying Insects Are Most Numerous.

No one of experience would venture to say which is the country most afflicted by mosquitoes, much more the spot. But it is something to identify the place which all who have visited it, saving one traveler, declare unrivaled. Such visitors have been few, but every one of them was a man specially qualified to pronounce. It is a canal, but of nature's forming, which connects the Sarawak and Samaharan rivers of Borneo. Boats using it avoid a sea passage and gain several hours in time, and on the homeward voyage especially Malays are very far from indifferent to such advantages. But, though a storm be raging outside, they think twice before risking the short cut. In fact, it is officers of the government charged with important news or belated and sick for a Christian welcome before sleeping who dare the horrors of that passage. Naval officers also have used it not infrequently, gathering a yarn to spin for the rest of their natural lives. Sir Spencer St. John is the single witness who thinks there is one more terrible place on earth, and that," says he, "is Pahnam, at the entrance to the Siam river." Sir Spencer proceeds: "It took us the whole night to get through, and no one was able to close his eyes. The leaves of the nipa palms nearly met over our heads, and every time one was touched a swarm of mosquitoes settled upon us. I endeavored to shelter myself under a blanket, but the heat was so great as to compel me to unwillingly face the enemy. I have heard of men exposed to this annoyance being thrown into a fever by constant irritation, and I can well believe it."

The last remark must allude to natives and to the irritation of mosquitoes in a general sense, for it is really bathos applied to this particular spot. Once on a time we also longed for Christian society and insisted upon taking the short cut. The mosquitoes were so thick that one could not see the paddler in the bows. Clapping one's palms together one felt the crush of insects between them, and a black paste remained, but we did not spend more than an hour happily in getting through. A few days afterward Captain Reid of her majesty's ship Rifleman passed, going on a visit to the rajah. For three years he had been surveying in the China seas, and his crew was inured to mosquitoes, if men can be. But with difficulty they reached Kuching, and four were taken straight to hospital. Doubtless the oars in that narrow passage, shaking the nipa leaves, which are half submerged, brought every mosquito within reach upon them.

How do the small fiends live? The question obtrudes itself in spots like this. Evidently they get no taste of blood. Men do not pass once in a week. Animals there are none in a grove of nipa palms, always under water. So far as we can see, their lancets and sucking tubes serve no purpose, for if they eat one another all the ingenious apparatus is unnecessary. It is the same case with fleas in southern Europe and elsewhere. The cornfields are alive with them, and, though at harvest time one in millions may find a victim, generations have lived and died in the months preceding. Darwin's experiments with insect eating plants may possibly throw light upon the matter. Keeping some under conditions which forbade them to catch insects, and others of the same species unrestrained, he found that, although both grew and flowered with equal vigor apparently, those deprived of animal food did not readily set their seed or ripen it when set, while the young plants were weakly. A supply of insects appears to be necessary for the preservation of the species. So, perhaps, the minute proportion of mosquitoes which find dead fish or something of the sort keep the pernicious breed flourishing.—Pall Mall Gazette.

The Ruling Spirit Strong.

The prosecuting attorney of a north Missouri county and a young attorney noted for his persistence were recently trying the preliminary hearing of a criminal case before a justice of the peace. The young attorney asked many irrelevant and incompetent questions, and when the prosecuting attorney would object would always say:

"Your honor, before you pass on that objection I want to argue it."

Finally the young man asked the same question the seventh time against the prosecuting attorney's objection, when the prosecutor, losing his patience, said in a loud aside:

"——, are you never going to get over being a confounded fool?"

Whereupon the young fellow jumped up with his usual remark:

"Your honor, before you pass on that I want to argue it."—Green Bag.

Chicago Spite.

A Boston man has a clock which he "thinks would run 10,000 years." Show the clock a Boston girl in bloomers and see.—Chicago Dispatch.

A SMILING FACE.

'Tis nice to wear a smiling face
And laugh our troubles down,
For all our little trials wait
Our laughter or our frown.
Beneath the magic of a smile
Our doubts will fade away
As melts the snow in early spring
Beneath the sunny ray.

'Tis nice to make a worthy cause
By helping it our own;
To give the current of our lives
A true and noble tone.
'Tis nice to comfort heavy hearts
Oppressed with dull despair
And leave in sorrow darkened lives
A gleam of brightness there.

'Tis nice to give a helping hand
To eager, earnest youth;
To watch, with all their waywardness,
Their courage and their truth;
To strive, with sympathy and love,
Their confidence to win.
'Tis nice to open wide the heart
And "let the sunshine in."
—London Tit-Bits.

PUGNACIOUS BISMARCK.

How He Almost Precipitated a Second Conflict With France.

The rapidity with which France was repairing the disasters of the war and the ease with which she met the financial obligations it imposed on her astonished Europe and perturbed the statesmen at Berlin. Her military force was being judiciously reconstructed, and it seemed also as if the calculation of Prince Bismarck as regards the constitution of her internal government might be falsified. The German chancellor desired to see established what a Russian diplomatist happily described as a republique dissolvante.

Notwithstanding his efforts to bring this result about and the impracticable character of the Comte de Chambord, which rendered the restoration of monarchy for a time impossible, there were indications that a stable system of government would be founded which would enable France to recover a strong position in the community of nations. Prince Bismarck was resolved this should not be, and suddenly, in May, 1875, Prince Hohenlohe, the present chancellor of the German empire, who was then embassador in Paris, appeared at the French foreign office and asked for explanations regarding the scheme for the reconstruction of the French army. The Duc de Broglie, in his interesting account of the embassy of M. de Gontaut-Biron to Berlin, describes the consternation which followed this attempt to provoke another quarrel with France. Another war seemed inevitable. England and Russia interfered to prevent it. Prince Bismarck could easily have disregarded the remonstrances of both. England would certainly not take up arms if he paid no attention to her representations, and Russia would have thought twice before incurring the hostility of Germany in view of coming events in the Balkan peninsula.

The fact, though not generally known, is that the greatest influence in preventing war was that of the Grand Duke of Baden. While the relations with France were becoming complicated the Emperor William happened to be staying at the Meinau, the seat of the Grand Duke of Baden, on the Lake of Constance. One morning the grand duchess, who was the emperor's daughter, came into her father's study and showed him a number of extracts from the press. He perceived at once that the country was drifting into war, and, after a consultation with his son-in-law, who was strongly opposed to provoking a war, which, however successful for the moment, would have been most disastrous to the name and character of Germany, the aged monarch went off that very evening to Berlin, and Prince Bismarck had to beat a retreat.—Quarterly Review.

A Dangerous Musical Instrument.

It has been discovered that the oboe is the most dangerous instrument that is played on—dangerous to the player. A profound German medical authority says that it is doubtful if a healthy man playing any instrument in a correct method ever suffers through playing upon any reed or brass instrument, but those who have any weakness of the heart or circulation may be injured by playing any wind instrument.

As it is quite easy for a musician to inspire between the phrases of the music, but impossible for him to expire without overblowing his instrument, it follows that the instruments that require the least expenditure of breath are the more injurious for the reason that the player must hold his breath for long intervals.

This is the case with both the oboe and the flute. The charge is probably true that the curious tickling of the lips that is caused by the double reed mouthpiece of the instrument frequently causes cancer.

The eminent scientist who has discovered these things about the comparatively harmless oboe should now ascertain whether accordion and concertina playing does not superinduce muscular paralysis in an aggravated and incurable form.—New York Journal.

Henry James.

It is said that Henry James, the novelist, maintains that single blessedness is the only condition for an artist or genius, giving as a reason that the details of domestic life exhausts fine nerves and delicate mental fiber. He confirms his theory by living in bachelor chambers in London, entertaining his friends charmingly, and in turn being entertained by them, and yet, although surrounded by bright, attractive women, his heart still holds its allegiance to self.

For many centuries the Chinese have dated all their public acts, documents and chronology from the accessions of the emperors.

There is an alchemy of quiet malice by which women can concoct a subtle poison from ordinary trifles.—Hawthorne.

Artifice is weak. It is the work of mere man, in the imbecility and self distrust of his mimic understanding.—Hare.

FREE RURAL DELIVERY.

Federal Department Plans For Bicycles For Mail Carriers.

Superintendent of Free Delivery Machen will shortly submit to First Assistant Postmaster General Jones a detailed plan for rural free delivery. An item of $50,000 was carried in the last postal appropriation bill for this purpose. It was a hobby with former Postmaster General Wanamaker, but the extraordinary expense which would have attended its general application prevented favorable consideration by congress.

Since Mr. Wanamaker formulated his ideas the wonderful extension of trolley lines and the general adoption of the bicycle have materially changed the situation. To test the plan of free rural delivery certain counties will be selected in a number of states. These counties will have for postal centers cities or large towns, and the smaller outlying postoffices will be treated practically as branches or stations of the central office. The bicycle will undoubtedly be the main factor relied on to make the experiment a success.

The postal officials are confident that within the next five years bicycle riders will obtain a large percentage of star route contracts. The advantage of speed and cheapness over the use of horses will enable the department to save hundreds of thousands of dollars on star route contracts and at the same time improve the service.

A HANNA STORY.

William E. Curtis Tells a Yarn About the Republican Boss.

A good story of Mark Hanna has been brought down from Boston by some gentlemen who are telling it at "the Hub." He went to "the Hub" for the purpose of raising campaign funds, and a party of wealthy Republicans were invited to meet him at the office of General S. M. Weld, who is said to be the largest cotton broker in New England. They assembled in an inner room, when Mr. Hanna explained the plans and methods of the national committee in conducting the campaign, the great need of active and extensive missionary work in the central and western states and the condition of the treasury.

The results of the interview are unknown, but as Mr. Hanna left the meeting and came out into the public room where General Weld receives his customers he saw a large blackboard upon which the quotations and shipments of cotton for the day were recorded, and a clerk was just writing the words, "Receipts light and disappointing."—Chicago Record.

A NOVEL LAWSUIT.

Inscription on a Tombstone Adjudged to Be Slander.

A novel lawsuit has just been tried before Judge Turner and a jury in the circuit court at Memphis, Mo. In 1890 Nathaniel S. Coe, son of Edward M. Coe of Knox county, was killed in a difficulty at a schoolhouse. William and Jesse Wright were accused, and Jesse Wright was indicted, tried and acquitted.

This did not satisfy Edward M. Coe, the father. He erected a monument to his son and had engraved upon it that deceased came to his death from "violence administered with a club by Jesse and William Wright." William Wright sued Mr. Coe for libel for the inscription on the monument. The trial resulted in a verdict for $1,000 damages. This case is said by lawyers to be without precedent.

London's Next Lord Mayor.

There will be no opposition to the election next month of Alderman Faudel Phillips to the post of lord mayor of London, the alderman in question being the next in rotation for the office. A member of the Hebrew race, his father, the late Sir Benjamin Phillips, was lord mayor of London 30 years ago, and his family owns the greatest toy manufacturing business in the United Kingdom. The alderman is married to a sister of Sir Edward Levi Lawson, proprietor and editor of The Daily Telegraph, while his own sister is the wife of Lord Pirbright, better known by the name of Baron de Worms, which he bore during the many years that he sat on the Conservative bench in the house of commons.—New York Tribune.

A Health Resort.

The healthfulness of Lynton, a summer resort in Devon, England, is advertised by this story:

Recently a visitor began to talk to an old man at Lynton and asked him his age, whereupon he said, "I am just over 70."

"Well," said the visitor, "you look as if you had a good many years to live yet. At what age did your father die?"

"Father dead?" said the man, looking surprised. "Father isn't dead. He's up stairs putting grandfather to bed."—Exchange.

Officers Elected.

ROCHESTER, Sept. 11.—The last session of the United Tyonheta was held. The election of officers resulted: President, James H. Bruce of Nashville; secretary, Thomas Knapp of Chicago; treasurer, W. D. Carpenter of Cincinnati. The date of the next annual meeting at Nashville will be fixed by the executive committee.

Jumped the Track.

GUNTOWN, Miss., Sept. 11.—A southbound freight train on the Mobile and Ohio railroad jumped the track here, completely demolishing 16 cars loaded with merchandise. Charles Scott, a painter of Louisville, was instantly killed and E. B. Holts of Norfolk badly injured.

All those terrible, itching diseases of the skin that help to make life miserable for us are caused by external parasites. Doan's Ointment kills the parasite and cures the disease. Perfectly harmless. Never fails.

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®
NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Cholera morbus, cholera infantum, diarrhoea, dysentery, and all those other deadly enemies to the little ones are infallibly cured by Dr. Fowler's Ext. of Wild Strawberry.

A Household Necessity.

No family should be without Foley's Colic Diarrhoea Cure, for all bowel complaints. H. F. Vortkamp, n. e. cor. Main and North streets.

The Best Sauce for Meat.

Every housewife should impress upon the minds of her family that the best sauce for any meat is cheerfulness. Laughter aids digestion, and people should never grumble while eating.

Shake Into Your Shoes

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. It cures painful swellings of the joints and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's the greatest comfort discovery of the age Allen's Foot Ease makes tight-fitting or new shoes feel easy. It is a certain cure for sweating, callous and hot, tired, aching feet Try it to-day. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores, 25c. Trial package free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y.

THE MAKING OF A HERO.

How a Private Won Promotion With a Very Hot Ham.

A Polish officer, now dead, who came to the United States soon after the Russians suppressed the Polish insurrection under General Chlopicki, in 1831, used to tell with much zest the story of his promotion from the ranks. He was a private of cavalry when Chlopicki's retreat began The troops had made a weary night march and were in bivouac for breakfast when scouts brought word that they were almost surrounded by a Russian force Instantly the Poles hurried to their saddles, mounted and sought a way of escape.

The young cavalryman had been boiling some pieces of ham for himself in a camp kettle Anxious to "save his bacon," he dumped the half boiled meat into his saddlebags and joined his companions. Two minutes later his horse became restive at a most inopportune moment, for on surmounting a ridge the Poles had found themselves confronted by a Russian force of infantry

There was but one thing to be done—the Russian line must be broken through at once It was being rapidly re-enforced. If the Poles should fail to cut their way out at the first charge they must all be captured On they rushed at the order to charge, and now our young trooper's horse had become fairly frantic and quite uncontrollable He sprang away far in advance of the charging line. The rider, determining to make the best fight he could, swung his saber, took a stronger grip with his knees, and gazed hard at the face of the Russian he expected to be launched against

Just then a volley hurtled into the charging line but the foremost horse and rider escaped unharmed. A few moments and they were upon the enemy Usually a horse refuses to leap at bayonets, but this one jumped furiously at the kneeling front rank, and such was the momentum and fury of the beast that the Russians just in his front lost nerve, broke and gave him entrance

Through the gap thus made other Poles sprang a moment later striking right and left they widened the breach and in ten seconds the Russian infantry was demoralized The Poles escaped with slight loss, and it was not long before the young hero quieted his steed dismounted and found a chance to examine his half cooled ham

A few hours later the Polish general of cavalry rode up to the captain of the troop that had so distinguished itself, complimented him and said, "By the way captain who was that splendid young officer that led you all in "

"He wasn't an officer That was only one of my boys"

"Not an officer! May the bullets strike me if I don't make him one! Call him out here at once."

The general shook hands with the youth promoted him to a lieutenancy then and there and gave him a place on his staff

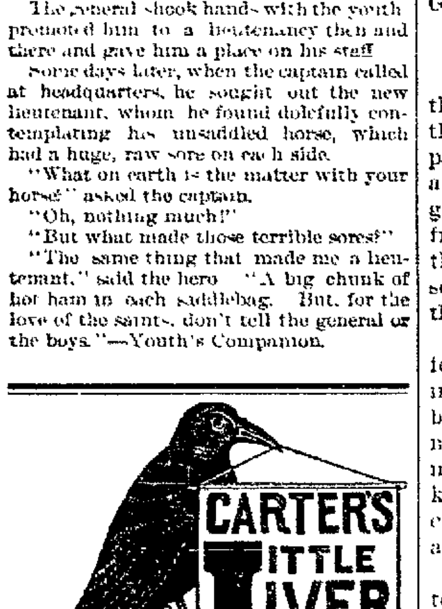
Some days later, when the captain called at headquarters, he sought out the new lieutenant, whom he found dolefully contemplating his unsaddled horse, which had a huge, raw sore on each side.

"What on earth is the matter with your horse" asked the captain.

"Oh, nothing much!"

"But what made those terrible sores?"

"The same thing that made me a lieutenant," said the hero "A big chunk of hot ham in each saddlebag. But, for the love of the saints, don't tell the general or the boys."—Youth's Companion.



SICK HEADACHE

Positively cured by these Little Pills.

They also relieve Distress from Dyspepsia, Indigestion and Too Hearty Eating. A perfect remedy for Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Bad Taste in the Mouth, Coated Tongue Pain in the Side, TORPID LIVER. They Regulate the Bowels. Purely Vegetable.

Small Pill. Small Dose. Small Price.

Substitution the fraud of the day.

See you get Carter's,
Ask for Carter's,
Insist and demand
Carter's Little Liver Pills.

A QUEER MANIA.

Sicilian Millionaire Who Ruined Himself by Buying Absurd Statuary.

The Sicilian Prince of Valguanera, at the beginning of this century, was a monomaniac of a rare description. He succeeded to one of the largest fortunes in Europe, his habits were studious and economical, he had no children, but in spite of these advantages for saving money he contrived to ruin himself. The prince had a fancy for grotesque statues, with which he adorned the stately mansion of his forefathers. Many descriptions of the place are extant, for it was renowned throughout Europe in its day. Brydone visited it, and he has left us a pleasant picture. Approaching by a noble avenue, one found the palace encircled by an "army" of monsters. "The absurdity of the wretched imagination which created them is not less astonishing than its wonderful fertility," says Brydone. "Some were a compound of five or six animals which have no resemblance in nature. In one instance the head of a lion was set upon the neck of a goose, with the body of a lizard, the eye of a goat and the tail of a fox Upon the back of this object stood another with five or six heads and a grove of horns. There is no kind of horn in the world that he has not collected, and his pleasure is to see them all flourishing on the same skull."

Of such horrors there were 600 in the avenue and courtyard alone when Brydone saw the collection, and the prince maintained a regiment of sculptors who were rewarded proportionately to their success in designing new and unparalleled combinations. The effect upon a superstitious peasantry may be imagined. So serious was the agitation that the government of Sicily threatened to demolish the wonderful array several times, but a prince of Valguanera was not to be offended in those days without the gravest cause. Matrons of Palermo would not take their drives in that direction, fearing dire results. The inside of the house was eccentric in another fashion.

Here the madman diverted himself with columns and arches and pyramids of cups and saucers, teapots and the like, cemented together. One column, for instance, started from a great porcelain vase of shape familiar in bedrooms, but not elsewhere. The shaft was teapots, with the spouts protruding, graduated in size up to a capital of flower pots. The openings of windows were incrusted in this manner, the chimney pieces were loaded up to the ceiling, and the magnificent rooms of the palace were divided by fantastic arches of the same construction. China was rare and fine in Sicily at that day, and most of the pieces thus treated had great value. The prince's bedroom was a chamber of supreme horrors. Reptiles awful beyond conception had their home there, intermixed with pleasing busts and statues which, if turned, showed a skeleton or a hideous representation of decrepitude. We have never observed an allusion to these things in a modern work of travel. Perhaps the government destroyed them at the prince's death, beggared by his mania.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

How Animals Bear Pain.

Take horses, for instance, in battle. After the first shock of wound they make no sound. They bear the pain with a mute, wondering endurance, and if at night you hear a wild groan from the battlefield it comes from their loneliness, their loss of that human companionship which seems absolutely indispensable to the comfort of domesticated animals.

The dog will carry a broken leg for days wistfully, but uncomplainingly. The cat, injured by a stone, bears in silence pain which we could not endure. Sheep and other cattle meet the thrust of the butcher's knife without a sound, and even common poultry endure intense agony without complaint.

The pigeon, fatally wounded, flies to some faroff bough and dies in silence The wounded deer speeds to some thick brake and in pitiful submission waits for death. The eagle, struck in midair, fights to the last against the fatal summons. There is no moan or sound of pain, and the defiant look never fades from its eyes until the lids close over them never to uncover again.—London Mail.

A Personal Privilege.

A life ticket to the Grand Opera was recently sold by a decayed librettist to a gentleman of Paris, the purchaser assuming that it would admit him behind the scenes. The authorities of the theater, however, kept him out, on the ground that admission to the Salon de la Danse was a personal privilege and could not be transferred. In the lawsuit that was brought the opera won, the price paid for the ticket, $600, being held to indicate that the greenroom privileges could not have been in the mind of the seller, as a ticket admitting to that is worth $3,000.—Paris Letter.

PRIZE HOG.

Famous Poland-China Brood Sow — Has Taken Many Prizes.

If you are raising Poland China hogs and can breed and rear stock sows like the one in the illustration, you may rest in the comfortable assurance that you have the model form. Less waste and more meat could scarcely be got upon a swine's carcass. It will be noted besides

PREMIUM POLAND-CHINA SOW.

that the animal's body is both broad and deep, making her the best type of brood sow.

The hams burst out behind, not with fatness, but with meat. The full, well developed dugs show her power to nourish her young.

It has been claimed for this sow that she presents points the nearest perfect of any Poland sow in the west. She has taken many first prizes. Her progeny have also been great prize winners.

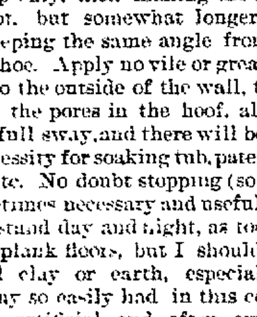
Frog of a Horse's Foot.

The frog in the natural foot is rough and ragged, by contact with the ground, the sole thick and almost unyielding; both in a natural state retaining moisture a long time, as well as protecting the intricate mechanism inside and holding the whole structure in proper form.

When you take braces from a building, you weaken the structure. Just so when you take away the braces which the frog, sole and bars constitute in a horse's foot, the wall or outer shell must and will draw together and press on sensitive mechanism, causing fever, soreness and ultimate lameness. The knife should be banished and only the rasp used to take away the natural growth of wall, where prevented from coming in contact with the ground by the shoe, all of the inside and bottom being left to the care of nature itself; allowing no rasping above the nails, and as little below as possible; first reducing the foot to proper length and form with the rasp only, then making the shoe fit the foot, but somewhat longer back, thus keeping the same angle from coronet to shoe. Apply no vile or greasy nostrums to the outside of the wall, thereby closing the pores in the hoof, allowing nature full sway, and there will be much less necessity for soaking tub, patent stuffings, etc. No doubt stopping (so called) is sometimes necessary and useful, when horses stand day and night, as too many do, on plank floors, but I should prefer natural clay or earth, especially the blue clay so easily had in this country, to any artificial and often expensive humbug stoppings.—Exchange.

To Prevent Cribbing and Wind Sucking.

Below are some devices invented to prevent horses from cribbing and wind sucking.



FOR A CRIBBING HORSE

The muzzle here presented is recommended to stop a cribbing horse from his bad habit.

The second illustration shows a muzzle made to keep horses from either cribbing or wind sucking.

TO STOP BOTH CRIBBING AND WIND SUCKING.

These muzzles are to be worn all the time, as they are so arranged that the horse can eat and drink with them on.

Steer Fattening Experiments.

The finely finished lot of steers fattened at the university state farm were sold in dressed form in the shambles of the Twin Cities. These animals, some 20 head in all, were 2 and 3 years old respectively, the major portion of them being nearer 2 than 3 years. The average live weight was about 1,250 pounds. Some of them were fed to determine whether a moderate or a heavy meal ration is the best in a prolonged period of feeding. Others were fed to show the relative value of different foods in fattening, and yet others to test the value of oilcake as a finishing food when fed in large quantities along with ground corn.

This year again it was found that steers fed an average of ten pounds of meal per day during the entire fattening period make at least as much gain during the five months of the experiment as those fed an average of 14 pounds per day. The feeders of the state use much larger quantities of food as a rule; hence the inference that much of the food thus used must be wasted. In other words, when animals are being finished, they will take more concentrated food than they can properly digest if it is fed to them It was found that a free ration of oilmeal and corn produced extraordinary gains for a short period—that is to say, for about 70 days, but that if continued much longer than the period named the animals began to get shaky on their limbs. In other words, they could not be carried much longer than 70 to 80 days without a modification of diet.—Minneapolis Times.

Some Mosquito Facts.

Not one, but three species are represented among those who venture into human habitations. The one whose sting hurts the most is a little dark brown creature, but a goodly sized yellow mosquito and a large sized black variety with striped legs are backward in making their presence known.

Mosquitoes are so natural, so cunning in the manner in which they sting and draw their blood, that it will no doubt surprise most people to be told that sucking human blood is only an acquired taste with them. Dr. Uhler says that their natural food is slime and deleterious organic matter that would be the cause of much malaria were it not eaten by the mosquitoes. "Sucking blood is only an acquired taste," says Dr. Uhler, "but they have learned how to do it scientifically. Did you ever notice how quickly they discover and make for places on the exposed parts of your body where arteries full of blood lie near the surface?"

All the mischief of mosquitoes was inherited by the females. The males neither buzz nor sting, nor do they seem to do anything at all except to stay lazily by and watch a spry and energetic female cavort around a human ear and make merry over the annoyance she is causing to the man or woman with nerves.

Entomologists say that the male mosquito is even too modest to eat, for, at any rate, nothing has ever been found in the stomach of one.

The males can't make a noise, because they haven't a pair of sonorous cavities near their wings, as the females have. The air hurled against these cavities by rapidly moving wings causes the buzz heard when Mrs. Mosquito is drawing near.—Baltimore Sun.

Bismarck's View of It.

Some years ago, when Mrs. Arthur Paget was Miss Minnie Stevens and one of the belles of New York, a young brother of the Marquis of Lorne came over to this country and fell a victim to the charms of the fair American. He dared not, however, propose to her without the parental sanction, and so a cable was sent to the duke asking his permission. Word came back: "Say nothing definite until I have consulted your brother, whose alliance with the royal family makes his approval of your proposed marriage absolutely necessary. Argyll."

The Marquis of Lorne felt that, in deference to his royal connections, the Prince of Wales should be asked, who, in his turn, dutifully said that he would have to speak to his mother about it. The queen, upon being asked, replied that since the death of the prince consort she had been in the habit of taking advice on important matters from one of the German princes, who was a cousin of her late husband. The prince in question declined to give an opinion without first consulting the emperor, who in his turn passed the matter on to Bismarck. The latter, upon being asked whether the Duke of Argyll's son should be allowed to propose marriage to Miss Stevens of New York, replied briefly. 'He can do as he d——n pleases.'"—New York Journal.

Flower Time Dials.

Dials have been formed of circular beds containing flowers which open or close at succeeding hours. Beginning at midnight, the list of flowers which indicate the 12 succeeding hours runs thus: 1, Scandinvian sowthistle closes; 2, yellow goat's beard opens; 3, common ox tongue; 4, hawkweed, late flowering dandelion and wild succory; 5, white water lily, naked stalked poppy and smooth sowthistle; 6, shrubbery hawkweed and spotted cat's ears; 7, white water lily, garden lettuce and African marigold; 8, scarlet pimpernel, mouse ear hawkweed and proliferous pink; 9, field marigold; 10, red sandwort; 11, star of Bethlehem; noon, ice plant. For the second 12 hours—that is, from 12 o'clock noon until midnight—the floral indicators are as follows: 1, common purslane opens; 2, purple sandwort closes; 3, dandelion closes; 4, white spiderwort closes; 5, jalap opens; 6, dark crane's bill opens; 7, naked stalked poppy closes; 8, orange day lily closes; 9, cactus opuntia opens; 10, purple bindweed opens; 11, night blooming catchfly opens; midnight, late flowering dandelion closes.—St. Louis Globe-Democrat.

Their Methods Differed.

Mrs. E. Lynn Linton, the novelist, tells how George Henry Lewes once characterized Thackeray and Dickens in the way of service to a friend. Dickens, he said, would not give you a farthing of money, but he would take no end of trouble for you. He would spend a whole day, for instance, in looking for the most suitable lodgings for you and would spare himself neither time nor fatigue. Thackeray would take two hours' grumbling indecision and hesitation in writing a two line testimonial, but he would put his hand into his pocket and give you a handful of gold and bank notes if you wanted them.

ANIMAL MOTHERS.

The Queer Ways In Which They Take Care of Their Young.

All dumb animal and insect mothers have certain ways of taking care of their babies, as well as our mothers do of us, and some of their ways are very queer

At my grandmother's there was an old cat that had five kittens, which she kept in the hay in the barn. One day one of the kittens went out on a large beam that extended from one end of the barn to the other, and when he reached the middle of it he began to be afraid and sat down on the beam, mewing piteously. He was so far away from me that I could not reach him, and I did not know how to get him down. Just then the mother cat came up and purred and mewed to him, telling him to wait until she came. She then went out to where he was, and, as the beam was a broad one, she went before him, picked him up in her mouth and carried him back into the hay out of danger.

One day I was up in the attic, and I found on the ceiling a paper wasp's nest. I took it off and found that it was empty. There were also several mud wasps' nests, and upon opening some of them I found the grubs in one part of the nest and the food, which was nothing but little worms and insects packed together, in another part. I brought the paper wasp's nest to my city home, but not the mud nests.

The turtles do not take much care of their babies. They scoop a place in the sand and lay their eggs and then cover them up. The heat of the sun hatches them, and the young turtles have to take care of themselves.

Frogs lay their eggs in some warm place in the water and fasten them to reeds, cattails or some such plant, and the warmth of the sun hatches them. The eggs are in a cluster, and each one, which looks like white jelly, is about the size of a small pea and has a little round black spot in the center. I found some once and put them in a large glass jar with water in it and set it in a warm place. After several days each of the little spots had a tail, and the jelly-like substance that had been around the black spots to keep them from injury began to disappear. I found that they had hatched and were pollywogs. They grew very fast, but never lived to change into frogs, as they died before they were half grown.

The potato bug lays its eggs on the underside of a potato leaf, and when the young are hatched they have the leaves to eat, and the mother does not have to take care of them. The eggs are small and of a bright yellow color. I have seen a great many of them on one leaf.

Near my grandfather's there is a creek, with willows growing on the edge of it. One day I saw two kingfishers on a limb of one of the trees and the mother bird sitting by the side of them. She was looking steadily into the water. Suddenly she darted down into the water and in a minute came up with a fish. She took it to the little birds, and after this she dived several times, as though showing them how to catch fish.

The crabs have their homes under large stones. This is the way I found out: I once lifted a large stone, and after the water had become clear I looked for a crab. I did not see any, but discovered a hole that seemed to go under some smaller stones. I took up the smaller stones, but the hole seemed to go still farther. As I was looking into it I saw a big crab come out, followed by two smaller ones. Then I knew that this is the way they live.—Philadelphia Times.

WHY MAN IS WEARY.

This Is a Typical Tale of Domestic Woe and Sorrow.

A good many hundreds and even thousands of long suffering husbands can bear sorrowful testimony to the fact that this is the sort of catechism the wives of their bosoms subject them to every time they put on their hats to go out in the evening:

"Where are you going?"

"Oh, I'm going out for a few minutes."

"Where?"

"Oh, nowhere in particular."

"What for?"

"Oh, nothing."

"Why do you go, then?"

"Well, I want to go; that's why?"

"Do you have to go?"

"I don't know that I do."

"Why do you go, then?"

"Because."

"Because what?"

"Well, simply because."

"Going to be gone long?"

"No."

"How long?"

"I don't know."

"Anybody going with you?"

"No."

"Well, it's strange that you can't be content to stay at home a few minutes Don't be gone long, will you?"

"No."

"See that you don't."

This is one reason why so many marriages are a dead, flat fizzle and failure.—Buffalo Times.

Calamitous.

One day a Dutchman, in his shirt sleeves, was shaving himself before the glass. His hand trembled so that he cut off the tip of his nose. The pain caused him to drop his razor, which fell on his foot and cut off a portion of his big toe. He promptly picked up the two fragments, applied them, still warm, to the open sores and bound them up. A fortnight later, on removing the bandages, he discovered to his horror that he had made a mistake. He had put the toe in the place of his nose and vice versa. Now when he wants to scratch his nose he is obliged to take off his boot.—Schwabische Tagwacht.

The "era of the French republic," or the "French revolutionary era," began Sept. 22, 1792, and ended Dec. 31, 1805.

Any person may take out a patent for an invention or discovery.

Cuticura WORKS Wonders

In curing torturing, disfiguring, humiliating humors of the Skin, Scalp, and Blood when all else fails.

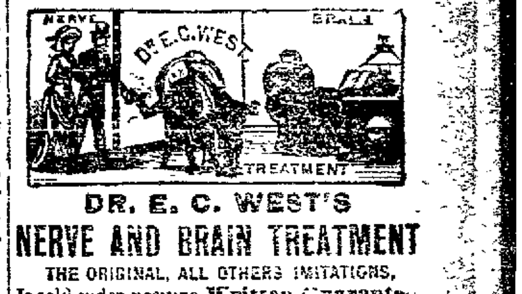
Sold throughout the world. Price, Cuticura, 50c.; Soap, 25c.; Resolvent, 50c. and $1. Potter Drug and Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.
"How to Cure Every Disfiguring Humor," free.

BEST and LARGEST BAR of Good Soap Ever Sold for 5c

Not the best CHEAP soap But the cheapest GOOD soap.

Sold Everywhere

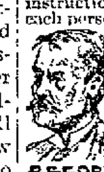
Manhood Restored.



DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT

THE ORIGINAL, ALL OTHERS IMITATIONS,

Is sold under positive Written Guarantee, by authorized agents only, to cure Weak Memory, Dizziness, Wakefulness, Fits, Hysteria, Quickness, Night Losses, Evil Dreams, Lack of Confidence, Nervousness, Lassitude, all Drains, Youthful Errors, or Excessive Use of Tobacco, Opium, or Liquor, which leads to Misery, Consumption, Insanity and Death. At store or by mail, $1 a box; six for $5; with written guarantee to cure or refund money. Sample package, containing five days' treatment, with full instructions, 25 cents. One sample only sold to each person. At store or by mail.


Red Label Special Extra Strength. For Impotency, Loss of Power, Lost Manhood, Sterility or Barrenness. $1 a box; six for $5, with written guarantee to cure in 30 days. At store or by mail.

BEFORE AFTER

Wm. Melville, Old Postoffice Corner, Lima, O

LE BRUN'S FOR EITHER SEX. This remedy being injected directly to the seat of those diseases of the Genito-Urinary Organs, requires no change of diet. Cure guaranteed in 1 to 3 days. Small plain package, by mail, $1.00 Sold only by

G & G CURE

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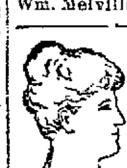
LADIES DO YOU KNOW DR. FELIX LE BRUN'S Steel & Pennyroyal Pills are the original and only FRENCH, safe and reliable cure on the market. Price, $1.00; sent by mail. Genuine sold only by

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Restored Manhood.

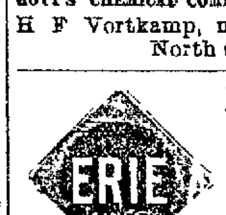
DR. MOTT'S NERVERINE PILLS.

BEFORE AND AFTER USING.

The great remedy for nervous prostration and all nervous diseases of the generative organs of either sex, such as Nervous Prostration, Failing or Lost Manhood, Impotency, Nightly Emissions, Youthful Errors, Mental Worry, excessive use of Tobacco or Opium, which lead to Consumption and Insanity. With every $5 order we give a written guarantee to cure or refund the money. Sold at $1.00 per box, 6 boxes for $5.00. DR. MOTT'S CHEMICAL COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio.

H F Vortkamp, n e cor Main and North streets.

Erie . . Railroad.



Time Card in Effect June 14th, 1896,

From LIMA, OHIO.

TRAINS WEST.	Depart
No. 5 Vestibule Limited, daily, for Chicago and the West	11:23 a m
No. 3, Pacific Express, daily, for Chicago and the West	12:37 a m
No 1, Express, daily, except Sunday, for Chicago and the West	9:23 a m
No. 31, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday	7:00 a m
No. 13, Wells Fargo Limited Express, daily, except Monday	5:30 m
TRAINS EAST.	
No. 8, Vestibule Limited, daily, for New York and Boston	9:02 p m
No. 2, Express, daily, except Sunday	3:30 p m
No. 12, Express daily, for New York	2:46 a m
No. 32, Local Freight, daily, except Sunday	7:00 a m

Train 13 will not run days following legal holidays.

Through coaches and sleeping cars to New York and Boston.

FRANK C. McCOY, Agent.
W. G. MACEDWARD, Trav. Pass. Agt., Huntington, Ind.

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Enjoys the biggest trade in town, but as we claim to have always been next to the postoffice, (next door) it was fitting that, the latter having vacated its old quarters, we should take possession So that's what we did, and this

OFFICIAL NOTICE

Is printed so that everybody may know it. It is important that you should know where to find us, for it wouldn't do to have people dropping dead in the street, not knowing where to find us, when we have a whole store full of medicines, with which we gladly save all the lives we can. So, henceforth,

IF ANYTHING'S THE MATTER WITH YOU, GO TO THE POSTOFFICE

The old postoffice, of course, not the new. There in the future, as in the past, you may feel sure your prescriptions will always be carefully compounded, and at reasonable prices.

See our splendid new line of Fine Perfumes.

WM. M MELVILLE,

THE DRUGGIST.

OLD POSTOFFICE CORNER.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT.

THE TIMES-DEMOCRAT PUBL'G CO

COUNTING ROOM 221 NORTH MAIN ST.

TELEPHONE CALL NO. 84.

THE SILVER QUESTION

Will be Discussed by the Hon John Begg

At the assembly room of the court house, Monday evening. Sept. 14 All those who desire to hear the question discussed from a non-partisan standpoint should come. 4-3t

ABOUT PEOPLE.

Who They Are, Where They Have Been and Are Going.

Dr. Light, of Ottawa, was in Lima yesterday.

Mrs. E. Conner is the guest of friends in Ada.

Judge Linderman, of Delphos, was in Lima yesterday.

Miss Clara Gallagher, of east High street is seriously ill.

Miss Emma Jones is the guest of friends in Van Wert.

T. A. Bowser, of Auglaize county, attended the fair yesterday.

George Netcher, of the South Side, returned to-day from Findlay.

Internal Revenue Collector G. W. Hall was in the city last evening.

Miss Nellie McNaughton, of Ada, was the guest of friends in the city to-day.

Pratt Maple and Guy Killen were in the city yesterday, attending the county fair.

James Crafton, of Toledo, is the guest of Miss Josie Tehan, of north Main street.

Mrs. W. H. Oxley, of Bradford, Pa., is the guest of T. A. Oxley, of north West street.

Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Gustwiller, of Bluffton, were in attendance at the fair yesterday.

Mrs. A. J. Frick, of Bluffton, is visiting Judge Mackenzie and family, of west Market street.

Misses Margaret Callahan and May Duggan left Wednesday for their future home in Indianapolis.

Mrs. M. Q. Shea and daughter Cecelia, of Tipton, Ind., are visiting Mr. and Mrs. A. N. Ridenour.

James Lawless, who has been the guest of Will Reagan, returned this morning to his home in Toledo.

C. T Richey, salesman for the Lima Beef company, went to Wapakoneta and Sidney this morning

Miss Kathryn Oxley has returned from an extended visit in Bradford, Pa., accompanied by her cousin.

Daniel Sites, of Ottawa, president of the Putnam County Fair Association, was in Lima yesterday attending the fair.

Miss T. Woodford E Uolt, of Cincinnati, has resumed her position as head trimmer at Miss Murphy's millinery store.

Mr. and Mrs. W. T Cunningham, of Adrian, Mich., are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Reid, of 707 north Jefferson street.

Mr. and Mrs. Aaron Allman, of Pennville, Ind, are the guests of Mr and Mrs. B. G. Stump, of North and Pine streets.

Miss Helen Norton, of west Spring street, returned last evening from a seven weeks' visit with relatives and friends in Toledo.

Doctors Vail and Bates, who have been abroad during the past spring and summer doing special work, are expected home to-morrow evening.

W. O. Reid and H E. Gerwin, who rode from Toledo here on their wheels, and have been the guests of Dave Reid, of this office, for the past week, started home this morning on their wheels.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Rydman, of north West street, are home from Toleno, where they visited relatives.

Misses Helen and Amelia Werst, of Wapakoneta, returned home this morning after a pleasant visit with Chas. Werst and family, of east North street.

Miss Edna Dean, who had been the guest of her uncle James McBeth, of south West street, for several weeks, returned this morning to her home in Cincinnati.

Mrs William McLain, Mrs Jacob Shaffer and Mrs James O'Malia returned this evening to their home in Middletown after a pleasant visit with Lima friends

Jas J Kiely, city manager of the Lima Beef Co, has returned from Milwaukee, where he attended the funeral of his grandmother, who died at the advanced age of 94 years.

Mrs. Joseph Reed and Misses Ella and Margaret Lovett left last night for Buffalo, N. Y., having been called there by the serious illness of their sister, who is a sister in the Order of the Sacred Heart of Mary.

John Rydman, until recently a music dealer at Terre Haute, Ind, is in the city the guest of relatives. He stopped here enroute to New York City, where he will make his future home and where he has become the partner in a large music and piano house.

THE SENIOR SENATOR.

John Sherman Passes Through Lima —No Demonstration.

Hon. John Sherman, the senior Senator of this State, passed through Lima yesterday afternoon on the P, Ft W. & C., on his way to Chicago, where business of a political nature called him.

When the train stopped, the Senator came out onto the steps, curiously looking at what could be seen from the train. There was but the usual number at the depot, consequently no demonstration for the senator who has figured so prominently on every side of the great financial question, and so frequently changed his mind.

The senator, as he stood on the platform, showed that age had had its effect upon his body. He seemed interested in the city, and remained standing on the platform of the car until it passed from view in the west.

STRUCK

The Stage Hands at the Opera House Being Refused Pay Resuse to Wok.

Considerable delay was caused at the opera house last evening between the act on account of the want of the stage hands. The boys who are accustomed to shift the scenes and prepare the stage have been working for the love of it and last evening decided their services should be remunerable and accordingly asked for a salary which the boys claim were denied. They then decided to strike and left the stage work to be done as best it could by the minstrel people and others about the opera house.

Carpets.

Our Fall Stock is now complete. That we are the foremost Carpet Dealers is evidenced by the award of First Premium on our Carpet display at the County Fair.

CARROLL & COONEY.

Thank Their Friends.

We desire to thank the friends and neighbors for their kindness and floral offerings which were tendered us during the sickness and death of our dear baby Herald.

MR. AND MRS. B. S. VANATTA.

It is actual merit that has given Hood's Sarsaparilla the first place among medicines. It is the One True Blood Purifier and nerve tonic.

October Delineator.

The October number of this great great fashion magazine received today. CARROLL & COONEY.

A FORGER

Takes Stock with the South Side Building and Loan.

A NINE DOLLAR DRAFT

He Raises to the Apparent Value of Nine Hundred Dollars, Takes Six Hundred in Stock and Three Hundred in Cash.

One of the smoothest games of forgery that has ever been perpetrated in this city was brought to light last evening when it was distovered that the South Side Building and Loan Association had possession of a draft that was received by the secretary of the association for the sum of $900, while in realtiy the draft is only worth the amount of $9

On August 10th an individual who was well dressed and rather prepossessing in appearance arrived in the city, and after getting the "lay" of the city, sauntered into the office of the South Side Building and Loan Association, on south Main street. He introduced himself to Secretary Jacob Moser as G. H. Hunter, and made inquiries concerning the association. Mr. Moser, who is always willing to oblige, gave the stranger a thorough understanding of the manner in which the association operates and furnished him with statistics showing the conditions of stock, how dividends are paid, etc. The stranger, after talking with Mr Moser for some time, appeared to have obtained the information he was seeking and left the office but returned again a day or two later and renewed his inquiries Finally he stated that he had more money in his possession than he had any immediare use for and intimated to Mr. Moser that he thought seriously of investing in some of the South Side Building and Loan Association's stock. The supposed Mr. Hunter informed Secretary Moser that he was a brother of Del Hunter, who is well known, and Mr. Moser was led to believe that the pleasant stranger was all right.

On the evening of August 25th Hunter again made his appearance at the Building and Loan office and producing a draft for $900, drawn upon a Greensburg, Ind., bank, in favor of himself, informed Mr. Moser that he had decided to invest $600 of his money in shares in the Loan Association stock

Mr Moser examined the draft, and believing it worth the value named on it, gave Hunter certificates for $600 worth of stock, accepted the draft and for the remaining $300 gave the stranger fifty dollars in cash and a check for $250. The next morning Hunter presented the check at a bank and had it cashed. Then he disappeared and hasn't been seen in Lima since that time.

The draft was forwarded to Greensburg for payment, and then came the intelligence that the draft had been issued two years ago for the sum of $9 and that Hunter was a noted forger and had raised the draft to the apparent value of $900. It has since been learned that Hunter has operated in all parts of the country and has many aliases, among them H W Fredericks, G. W. Howard and H W Fenton.

HOUSE ROBBED.

Tramps Enter Mrs. Owen Riordan's House While the Family are at the Fair.

Mrs. Owen Riordan's residence, at 45 north West street, was entered by a tramp yesterday afternoon with the purpose of robbery. He searched the house, but found little of value which he cared to take away with him. The only articles reported stolen were a coat and a lot of 38-calibre catridges. It was a bold attempt, as it occurred between four and five Neighbors saw him leave the rear part of the premises and went towards the Pittsburg road where all trace of him was lost. Mr. Riordan's family were absent, attending the fair.

TALES OF THE TOWN.

E. E Langley is seriously ill with tonsilitis at his home on east Eureka street.

George D. McDorman and Ida Holt were granted a marriage license this morning.

Conductor A. N. Ridenour, of the L. E & W., is laying off. Conductor Stout is running his car on east local.

The board of trustees of the Lima Cycling Club will meet at the office of Secretary C. J. Brotherton at 7:30 o'clock this evening.

The commissioners left this afternoon for Lacock's lake on the county road, between Allen and Auglaize counties, to see a road fill at that place.

The case of the State of Ohio against W. B. Halm for violating the pure food laws in selling alleged false bitters, is being tried to-day by a jury before Justice Mowen.

The women of a neighboring town who have been unable to obtain satisfactory domestics have formed a club and will bring into the town 50 Swiss girls for domestic service.

The Ladies' Aid Society of Trinity, will hold a social this evening at the parsonage. Ice cream and cake will be served. A cordial invitation is extended to all members and friends to be present.

The condition of little Hazel McCullough, who has been ill for the past four weeks with inflammation of the bowels, is unchanged. She is under the care of several of Lima's leading physicians, and hopes are entertained of her ultimate recovery.

There will be a large silver meeting held at Gomer to-morrow evening. Delegations will be present from Elida, Cairy, Spencerville and Lima. A party of fifteen will drive over in a large hack. The boys expect from all indications to have a rousing silver meeting.

HON. JOHN BEGG,

A Republican, will Address the Bimetallic League Monday Evening, Sept. 14th,

At the assembly room of the court house on the question of Bimetalism. Mr. Begg was a delegate to the recent Republican Judicial convention, and his ability as a speaker is well known. Everyone who desires to hear the subject discussed in its true light should come

R. C. EASTMAN,
Pres of Bimetallic League
CHAS. H. ADKINS, Sec'y 4 3t

AUGLAIZE CONFERENCE.

Proceedings of the Meetings Last Evening and To-Day.

Most of the Time so Far Has Been Taken up by the Hearing of Reports—Several Officers Re-Elected

The afternoon meeting of the two days' session of the Auglaize conference, was called to order about 2 o'clock, and the usual devotional exercises were conducted by Rev J W Lake

The report submitted by Rev. H D Mead, treasurer of the Union Biblical Seminary, was received, and Rev. Meads was re-elected treasurer. The conference then resumed the examination of pastors. Rev. W J. Roberts submitted a paper on the Union Biblical Seminary, of Dayton. The paper was ably discussed by Rev. Mills, D D, general manager of the institute Rev D R Cook, of this city, was then introduced to the conference and he led in prayer at the close of the afternoon meeting

The opening devotional exercises at the meeting last night were conducted by Rev. Miller, and the sermon of the evening was delivered by Rev. T. J. Harbaugh, of the Sandusky conference. Rev. Harbaugh is an eloquent speaker, and delivered a very interesting sermon.

Before adjournment last night $851 was subscribed to the Bibical Seminary fund.

The delegates convened again at 8 30 o'clock this morning with Bishop Hott presiding Devotional exercises were conducted by Rev. J. Lusk.

Minutes of yesterday's meetings were read and approved

Rev W. J Shuey, general agent for the publishing house, was admitted to an advisory seat in the conference.

Committees reports on first, second and third years' reading were received and adopted.

Rev W. J. Shuey, treasurer of the Educational Beneficiary fund, submitted his report, which was received, and he was re-elected.

Report submitted by Rev J Q Kline, treasurer of the Church Erection and Conference Building fund, was received, and he was re-elected

Rev. A. W. Ballinger Rev. L C. Reed and Rev W. L Waldo were elected directors of the Branch Church erection Society Rev Waldo was chosen as secretary for the same society.

Report of Rev. D. W. Abbott, treasurer of the Preachers' Aid Contingent Fund, was received and he was re elected

Rev. Wm Miller, treasurer of the conference, submitted his report, and was also re-elected

S L Roberts was granted an honorable dismissal from conference and the church

Rev. A. W Ballinger, Rev J O Hoffman, Rev J. D Lusk Rev. A. Kissell and Rev. J A Kek were chosen members of the committee on application for the ministry

Rev. G W. Maxwell, of the Cleveland conference, was introduced to the conference

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Are both creating a great deal of talk among the American people. Michael's swell line of fall shoes for ladies and gentlemen is the talk of the town. New toes, new lasts and extreme styles in ladies' fine dress shoes. A nobby line of gentlemen's fine black and winter tan shoes Also a big line of gentlemen's fine patent leathers.

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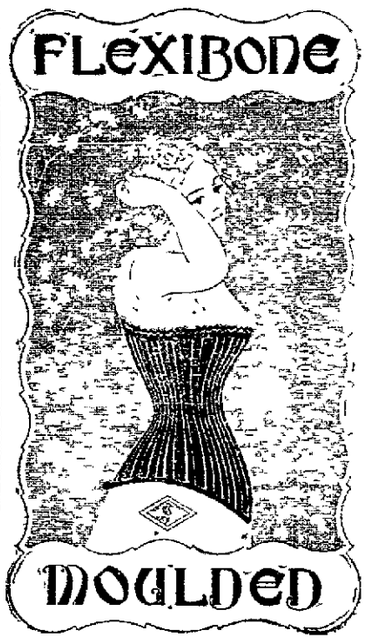

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An expert corset fitter, will be here to-morrow in the interest of

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A fitting room has been prepared, and Madame Gerold will be pleased to try a pair of these moulded corsets on any lady who feels interested enough in the subject to call. There will be no obligation to buy a corset after a fitting is made We will guarantee every pair of Flexibone Moulded Corsets to wear well, fit well, and give entire satisfaction in every respect, or refund the purchase price.

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GENTLEMEN

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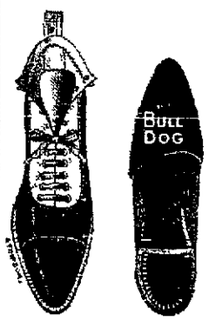
The Bull Dog.



This new last, which is fast becoming so popular, is constructed on common sense principles, and contains "al the comforts of home." We carry this shoe in calf, Russia calf, English enamel and patent leathers. All the new shades in winter tans. All sizes, all widths. Examine this new shoe

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